

### XPET LA 1531-20

Date of issue: 01.12.2010

Sonneborn Refined Products B.V. urges the recipient of this Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety you should (1) notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on this sheet,(2) furnish a copy to each of your customers for the product, and (3) request your customers to inform their employees and customers as well.

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

### Identification of the substance or preparation

Oxidized Petrolatum

### Use of substance/preparation

Oxpet LA 1531-20 is an oxidized petrolatum, recommended for use as a rust preventative

### Company identification

Sonneborn Refined Products B.V.

Mainhavenweg 6

1043 AL Amsterdam

The Netherlands

Tel: +31-20-6117475

Fax: +31-20-6111170

E-mail: QEHS@sonneborn.com

### Emergency telephone number

Tel.: +31.20.611.74.75

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EC/GHS Classification : Not classified as dangerous under EC/GHS-criteria

Human Health Hazards : None

Physico-chemical and environmental hazards and effects: None

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT	% BY WEIGHT	HAZARD	DANGER SYMBOL(S)
------------	-------------	--------	------------------

No hazardous components

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Swallowing

WHEN MOLTEN ONLY (molten product can cause thermal burns) - Obtain medical attention immediately.

### Inhalation

No emergency care anticipated.

## XPET LA 1531-20

---

### Skin contact

WHEN MOLTEN ONLY (molten product can cause thermal burns) - In serious cases, use emergency shower immediately. Immediately flush skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Obtain medical attention.

### Eye contact

WHEN MOLTEN ONLY (molten product can cause thermal burns) - Immediately flush eyes with water and continue washing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

### Notes to physician

None

---

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### Extinguishing media

Suitable : Extinguish with:

- dry chemical
- carbon dioxide (in case of small fires)
- water fog
- foam
- sand or earth

Unsuitable : Do not use water jet.

### Special fire fighting procedures

Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into burning molten material; this may cause spattering and spread the fire.

### Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus.

### Unusual fire and explosion hazards

Following products may be produced during a fire: Oxides of carbon.

---

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions

Wear suitable protective equipment.

### Environmental precautions

Avoid runoff to sewers or waterways. Dike area of spill to prevent spreading and pump liquid to salvage tank. Allow remaining liquid to solidify, then shovel into containers. Waste: avoid washing into watercourses. Use methods consistent with local regulations or incinerate.

### Methods for cleaning up

Take up mechanically. Collect in suitable containers. Dike to contain spill or absorb with inert material (e.g. sand, earth,...). Stop the leak if it can be done without risk. Clean up with solvent.

---

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### HANDLING

Do not handle at temperatures  $> +90\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Ventilation

General (mechanical) room ventilation is expected to be satisfactory for use at room temperature.

## XPET LA 1531-20

---

### STORAGE

#### Storage requirements

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not store at temperatures: > 25 °C

Store protected from light

---

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

No exposure limits have been established

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

#### Respiratory protection

None expected to be needed.

#### Hand protection / protective gloves

Personal protectives: WHEN MOLTEN ONLY.

Wear gloves impervious to this material

#### Eye protection

Personal protectives: WHEN MOLTEN ONLY.

Safety glasses.

Faceshield

#### Skin protection

Personal protectives: WHEN MOLTEN ONLY.

Overalls

#### Environmental Exposure Controls

None expected to be needed

---

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Appearance

Physical state	:	Semi-solid
Color	:	Dark-brown
Odor	:	Typical

### Important health, safety and environmental information

Flash point	:	> 150 °C Method: ASTM D93
Upper explosion limits	:	Not determined
Lower explosion limits	:	Not determined
Vapor pressure	:	< 0,1 hPa at 20 °C
Density	:	0,80 - 0,95 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 100 °C
Bulk density	:	Not available

## XPET LA 1531-20

---

Solubility in water	:	Negligible
Kinematic viscosity	:	5 - 30 mm <sup>2</sup> /s at 100 °C
Vapor density (air=1)	:	None specified
Evaporation rate (Butyl Acetate=1)	:	Not applicable

### Other information

Melting point	:	30 - 60 °C Method: ASTM D 127
Autoignition temperature	:	Not determined
Percent volatiles	:	Not applicable

---

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

---

### STABILITY

Stable.

#### Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight

#### Materials to avoid

Strong oxidizing agents.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products to be formed during normal storage  
Combustion may produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.

---

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

---

### GENERAL

No information available.

#### Carcinogenicity:

Not classified as a carcinogen. Nota N applies since the full refining history is known and it can be shown that the substances from which the petroleum jelly was produced are not a carcinogen

---

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

---

Most hydrocarbon components of these substances will have little or no tendency to partition to air. The half lives for degradation of these hydrocarbons by reaction with hydroxyl radicals, in the troposphere, under the influence of sunlight, will all be less than one day, by extrapolation from the data quoted by Atkinson. Accordingly, any hydrocarbon material which does partition to air will be rapidly photodegraded. (Ref.: Atkinson, R., Gas-phase tropospheric chemistry of organic compounds: a review, Atmos. Environ., vol 24 A, pp. 1-41, 1990)

## XPET LA 1531-20

---

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

---

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations or incinerate.

---

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

---

#### ADR/RID

(when transported <100°C) This product is not regulated by ADR.

Proper shipping name	(when transported >100 °C) UN3257 ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (9), III
Class	9 (M9)
UN No.	3257
Packing group	III
Hazard No.	99
Label	9
Technical description	Petroleum Jelly

#### IMDG

This product is not regulated by IMDG.

#### ICAO

This product is not regulated by ICAO.

---

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

---

#### EC/GHS classification

According to EC/GHS-regulations this product is not classified or labelled.

#### Chemical Inventory

Europe : This product is on the EINECS inventory.

---

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

---

#### Recommended uses and restrictions

Please consult the product and/or application information bulletins for this product.

|| A vertical line in the left margin of the report indicates a change compared to the previous version.

This Safety Data Sheet conforms to EC Directive 1907/2006 and amendments.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Sonneborn Refined Products B.V.. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of use of this product are not within the control of Sonneborn Refined Products B.V., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the products.