

D.E.H.™ 445 Epoxy Curing Agent

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BLUE CUBE OPERATIONS LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : D.E.H.™ 445 Epoxy Curing Agent

Product code : 00000001000000449

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : BLUE CUBE OPERATIONS LLC

Address : 190 CARONDELET PLAZA, SUITE 1530

CLAYTON MO 63105-3467

Telephone : (844) 238-3445

E-mail address : INFO@OLIN.COM

Emergency telephone : +1 800 424 9300

Local Emergency Contact : 1-800-424-9300

Identified uses : Used in applications such as:

Curing agent.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Skin corrosion : Category 1A

Serious eye damage : Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : Danger



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Hazard Statements : Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT

induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately

all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/

attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
5-Amino-1,3,3-	68609-08-5	>= 30 - <= 50
trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine		
reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-		
methylethylidene)bis(4,1-		



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phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox		
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	>= 25 - < 50
Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine	25620-58-0	>= 10 - < 25
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine (isopho- ronediamine)	2855-13-2	>= 5 - < 10

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respi-

ration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to

a medical facility.

In case of skin contact : Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 mi-

nutes while removing contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur or irritation persists. Wash

clothing before reuse.

Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands.

Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immedia-

tely available.

In case of eye contact : Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at

least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consulta-

tion, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately

available.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of

water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do not give anything by mouth unless the person is fully cons-

cious.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician : Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient.

Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontami-

nation.

Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in

burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may





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cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if

lavage is done. No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water fog or fine spray.

Dry chemical fire extinguishers.

Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

Foam.

Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams

may function, but will be less effective.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use direct water stream.

May spread fire.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation.

Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon applica-

tion of direct water stream to hot liquids.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addi-

tion to combustion products of varying composition which may

be toxic and/or irritating.

Combustion products may include and are not limited to:

Nitrogen oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

Further information : Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry.

Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has pas-

sed.

Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the

container.

Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water.

Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

Move container from fire area if this is possible without ha-

zard.

Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to pro-

tect personnel and minimize property damage.

Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not

contained, may cause environmental damage.

Review the 'Accidental Release Measures' and the 'Ecological

Information' sections of this (M)SDS.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire figh-

ting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves).

Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations.



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If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location.

For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up si-

tuations, refer to the relevant sections.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec: :

tive equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area.

Only trained and properly protected personnel must be invol-

ved in clean-up operations.

Keep upwind of spill.

Ventilate area of leak or spill.

Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary me-

asures.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions : Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways

and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

Contain spilled material if possible.

Absorb with materials such as:

Sand.

Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers.

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing.

Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Do not swallow.

Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Keep container closed.

Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly re-

sulting in spontaneous combustion.

See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL

PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in a cool, dry place.

Do not store in:

Zinc. Aluminum. Copper.

Galvanized containers.

Avoid contact with metals such as:

Brass.



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Bronze. Copper Copper alloys

Recommended storage tem- :

perature

-4 - 86 °F / -20 - 30 °C

Storage period : 24 Months

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parameters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	TWA	10 ppm	US WEEL

Engineering measures

: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below

exposure limit requirements or guidelines.

If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation.

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some opera-

tions.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or

guidelines, use an approved respirator.

Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne

concentration of the material.

For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-

pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Filter type : The following should be effective types of air-purifying respi-

rators: Organic vapor cartridge.

Hand protection

Remarks : Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of

preferred glove barrier materials include: Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ('latex'). Neoprene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ('EVAL'). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ('nitrile' or 'NBR'). Polyvinyl alcohol ('PVA'). Polyvinyl chloride ('PVC' or 'vinyl'). Viton. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reac-

tions to glove materials, as well as the instructi-



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ons/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Use chemical goggles.

If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

Skin and body protection : Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron,

or full body suit will depend on the task.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid.

Color : colorless

Odor : Amine.

Odor Threshold : No test data available

pH : 8-11

Method: Calculated.

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Freezing point No test data available

Boiling point/boiling range : $> 392 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} \, / > 200 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Method: Literature

Flash point : $> 212 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} / > 100 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Method: Literature, closed cup

Evaporation rate : No test data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable to liquids

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No test data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No test data available

Vapor pressure : < 5 hPa (122 °F / 50 °C)

Method: Literature

Relative vapor density : No test data available

Relative density : 1.01 (68 °F / 20 °C)

Method: Calculated.



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Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available.

Autoignition temperature : No test data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 470 mPa,s (68 °F / 20 °C)

Method: Calculated.

Viscosity, kinematic : No test data available

Explosive properties : No

Method: Assessment based on structural analysis

Oxidizing properties : No

Method: Assessment based on structural analysis

Molecular weight : No test data available

Note: These are the Reference Points for these Physical Properties listed above, unless otherwise noted in their respective Physical Property value information: Boiling Point at 760 mmHg; Evaporation Rate Butyl Acetate = 1; Relative Vapor Density Air = 1; and Relative Density Water = 1.

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a speci-

fication.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No data available

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage,

Section 7.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to de-

compose.

Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure

in closed systems.

Reaction with carbon dioxide may form an amine carbamate. Smoke may be generated depending on vapor pressure of

mixture.

Product absorbs carbon dioxide from the air.

Incompatible materials : Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

Avoid contact with:

Acids. Acrylates. Alcohols. Aldehydes.

Halogenated hydrocarbons.



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Ketones. Nitrites.

Avoid contact with metals such as:

Brass.
Bronze.
Copper.
Copper alloys.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply

and the presence of other materials.

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:

Aromatic compounds.

Ammonia. Volatile amines. Hydrocarbons. Phenolics.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity if swallowed.

Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulcera-

tion.

Swallowing may result in burns of the mouth and throat.

LD50 (Rat): > 1,000 mg/kg Method: Estimated. Remarks: As product:

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper

respiratory tract (nose and throat).

May cause central nervous system depression.

Symptoms may include headache, dizziness and drowsiness,

progressing to incoordination and unconsciousness.

Prolonged excessive exposure may cause serious adverse

effects, even death.

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation. Remarks: As product:

The LC50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Prolonged or widespread skin contact may result in

absorption of potentially harmful amounts.

Remarks: As product:

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.



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Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Oral LD50 has not been determined due to corro-

sivity.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: The LC50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Benzyl alcohol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 1,620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.178 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 910 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: The LC50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,030 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : Brief contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include

pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.



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Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Result : Causes burns.

Remarks : Brief contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include

pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

Benzyl alcohol:

Remarks : Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation with local redness. May cause tingling/numbness in exposed areas (paresthesia).

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Remarks : Brief contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms may

include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Result : Causes burns.

Remarks : Brief contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms may

include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

Remarks : Classified as corrosive to the skin according to DOT guide-

lines.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may re-

sult in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chem-

ical burns may occur.

Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Result : Corrosive

Remarks : May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may re-

sult in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chem-

ical burns may occur.

Benzyl alcohol:

Remarks : May cause moderate eye irritation.

May cause corneal injury. Effects may be slow to heal.

Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).



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Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Result : Corrosive

Remarks : May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may re-

sult in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chem-

ical burns may occur.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Result : Corrosive

Remarks : May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may re-

sult in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chem-

ical burns may occur.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Remarks : A component in this mixture has caused allergic skin reactions

in humans.

Contains component(s) which have caused allergic skin sen-

sitization in guinea pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant information found.

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1A.

Remarks : Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Benzyl alcohol:

Remarks : For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1A.

Remarks : Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1A.

Remarks : Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction.

Has caused allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.



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Has caused allergic skin reactions in humans.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: Contains component(s) which were negative in

some in vitro genetic toxicity studies and positive in others. Genetic toxicity studies in animals were negative for compo-

nent(s) tested.

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Benzyl alcohol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in

some cases and positive in other cases.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks : Contains component(s) which did not cause cancer in labora-

tory animals.

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Remarks : No relevant data found.

Benzyl alcohol:

Remarks : Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Remarks : No relevant data found.



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3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Remarks : No relevant data found.

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: In animal studies on component(s), effects on re-

production were seen only at doses that produced significant

toxicity to the parent animals.

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: Contains component(s) which, in laboratory ani-

mals, have been toxic to the fetus only at doses toxic to the

mother.

Contains component(s) which did not cause birth defects in

laboratory animals.

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No relevant data found.

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: No relevant data found.

Benzyl alcohol:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No relevant data found.

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at

doses toxic to the mother.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction

have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxici-

ty to the parent animals.

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No relevant data found.

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.



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STOT-single exposure

Product:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Benzyl alcohol:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Remarks : Contains component(s) which have been reported to cause

effects on the following organs in animals:

Central nervous system.

Muscles. Thymus. Urinary tract. Respiratory tract.

Liver.

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following

organs: Liver.

Benzyl alcohol:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs

after inhalation:

Central nervous system.



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Muscles. Thymus. Urinary tract.

Based on available data, repeated exposures to small amounts are not anticipated to cause significant adverse

effects.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not

anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following

organs:

Respiratory tract.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Benzyl alcohol:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an

acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the

most sensitive species tested).



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LL50 (Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)): 70.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (water flea Daphnia magna): 11.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 79.4

mg/

End point: Growth inhibition (cell density reduction)

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

End point: Respiration rates.

Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: aerobic

Method: activated sludge test (OECD 209)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Benzyl alcohol:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organ-

isms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in

the most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: Static

Method: Method Not Specified.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770

mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: Static

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna): 51 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: semi-static test



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: yes

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): 2,100 mg/l

End point: Respiration rates.

Exposure time: 49 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Method: OECD 209 Test

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an

acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the

most sensitive species tested).

May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be

toxic to aquatic organisms.

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 172 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 31.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (alga Scenedesmus sp.): 29.5 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Bacteria): 89 mg/l

Exposure time: 17 h

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an

acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the

most sensitive species tested).

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 110 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 23 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EbC50 (alga Scenedesmus sp.): 37 mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Bacteria): 1,120 mg/l



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Exposure time: 18 h Test Type: Static

Persistence and degradability

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is

not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Concentration: 14 mg/l Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Benzyl alcohol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Inoculum: activated sludge, domestic (adaptation not speci-

fied)

Concentration: 100 mg/l Biodegradation: 92 - 96 % Exposure time: 14 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

ThOD : 2.52 mg/mg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitizer: OH radicals

Rate constant: 8.25E-12 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is

not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

aerobic

Concentration: 10 mg/l Biodegradation: 37 %



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Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

aerobic

Concentration: 10,000 mg/l Biodegradation: 13 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

aerobic

Concentration: 10 mg/l Biodegradation: 2.2 % Exposure time: 3 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 303A or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

ThOD : 3.44 mg/mg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitizer: OH radicals

Rate constant: 8.407E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready

biodegradability.

aerobic

Concentration: 10 mg/l Biodegradation: 8 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

aerobic

Concentration: 10.1 mg/l Biodegradation: 42 % Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 303A or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

ThOD : 3.38 mg/mg

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitizer: OH radicals

Rate constant: 8.472E-11 cm3/s

Method: Estimated.



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Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 3.6 (77 °F / 25 °C)

octanol/water pH: 7

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Benzyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 1.10 octanol/water : Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 0.77 octanol/water : Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 0.79 octanol/water : Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Mobility in soil

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Distribution among environ: Koc: > 5000

mental compartments Method: OECD 121: HPLC Method

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

Benzyl alcohol:

Distribution among environ: Koc: 16

mental compartments Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc bet-

ween 0 and 50).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an impor-

tant fate process.

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Distribution among environ- : Koc: 1200



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mental compartments Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500

and 2000).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an impor-

tant fate process.

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 340

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between

150 and 500)

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an impor-

tant fate process.

Other adverse effects

Components:

5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Benzyl alcohol:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Trimethyl-1,6-hexanediamine:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine):

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE

MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS

MATERIAL.

THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY

TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED

CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composi-



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tion Information.

All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal,

State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations.

Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws

are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND,

OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER.

FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted:

Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 2735

Proper shipping name : AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, 1,6-

Hexanediamine, 2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-Trimethyl-)

Class : 8
Packing group : II
Labels : 8

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 2735

Proper shipping name : Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

(3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, 1,6-

Hexanediamine, 2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-Trimethyl-)

Class : 8 Packing group : II

Labels : Corrosive

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

855

Packing instruction (passen:

ger aircraft)

051

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 2735

Proper shipping name : AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, 1,6-

Hexanediamine, 2,2,4(or 2,4,4)-Trimethyl-)

Class : 8
Packing group : II
Labels : 8
EmS Code : F-A, S-B
Marine pollutant : no

Remarks : Stowage category AAlkalis

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

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UN/ID/NA number : UN 2735

Proper shipping name : Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.

(3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, Trimethyl-

1.6-hexanediamine)

Class : 8 Packing group : II

Labels : CORROSIVE

ERG Code : 153 Marine pollutant : no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6

California Prop. 65

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

International Regulations

Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances) : Not applicable

Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent) : Not applicable

Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants) : Not applicable

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

CH INV : All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are

exempt, or are supplier certified.

DSL : All substances contained in this product are listed on the

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required



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			to be listed.		
AICS		:	All intentional con exempt, or are su	nponents are listed on the inventory, are pplier certified.	
NZIoC		:	not determined		
ENCS		:	All intentional con exempt, or are su	nponents are listed on the inventory, are pplier certified.	
ISHL		:	All intentional con exempt, or are su	nponents are listed on the inventory, are pplier certified.	
KECI		:	All intentional con exempt, or are su	nponents are listed on the inventory, are pplier certified.	
PICCS		:	All intentional con exempt, or are su	nponents are listed on the inventory, are pplier certified.	
IECSC		:	All intentional con exempt, or are su	nponents are listed on the inventory, are pplier certified.	
TCSI		:	All intentional components are listed on the inventory, are exempt, or are supplier certified.		
TSCA		:	All substances listed as active on the TSCA Inventory or are not required to be listed.		

TSCA list

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

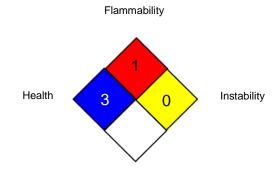
Further information



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NFPA 704:



Special hazard

Full text of other abbreviations

US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance: ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG -



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United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date : 04-27-2021

BLUE CUBE OPERATIONS LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given.Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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