

SDS: 0000976 Date Prepared: 11/24/2019

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:CYMEL® 380 ResinSynonyms:NoneProduct Description:Modified melamine resin in isobutanolMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:MixtureIntended/Recommended Use:Raw material for surface coatings

Allnex USA Inc., 9005 Westside Parkway, Alpharetta, Georgia 30009, USA **For Product and all Non-Emergency Information call** your local Allnex contact point or contact us at http://www.allnex.com/contact

EMERGENCY PHONE (24 hours/day) - For emergency only involving spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident call:

+1-866-928-0789 (toll free) or +1-215-207-0061 (Carechem 24 - Allnex29003-NCEC) See Section 16 for Emergency phone numbers for other regions.

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# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **GHS Classification**

Flammable Liquids Hazard Category 3 Carcinogenicity Hazard Category 1B Germ Cell Mutagenicity Hazard Category 2 Skin Corrosion / Irritation Hazard Category 2 Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation Hazard Category 1 Skin Sensitizer Hazard Category 1A Aquatic Environment Acute Hazard Category 3

LABEL ELEMENTS

Signal Word DANGER

Hazard Statements Flammable liquid and vapor May cause cancer Suspected of causing genetic defects Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye damage May cause an allergic skin reaction Harmful to aquatic life

### **Precautionary Statements**

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Obtain special instructions before use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local and national regulations.

# Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC), Other Hazards

Not applicable

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Component / CAS No.	%	GHS Classification
Isobutanol	12 - 14	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)
78-83-1		STOT SE 3 (H335)
		STOT SE 3 (H336)
		Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)
		Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
Formaldehyde	< 2.5	Carc. 1B (H350)
50-00-0		Muta. 2 (H341)
		Acute Tox. 3 (H301)
		Acute Tox. 3 (H311)
		Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
		Skin Corr. 1B (H314)
		Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
		Skin Sens. 1A (H317)
		Aquatic Acute 2 (H401)
Methanol	~ 0.25	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)
67-56-1		Acute Tox. 3 (H301)
		Acute Tox. 3 (H311)
		Acute Tox. 3 (H331)
		STOT SE 1 (H370)
		Skin Irrit. 3 (H316)
		Eye Irrit. 2B (H320)

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition for one or more ingredients has been withheld as a trade secret.

Additional GHS classification or other information may be included in this section but has not been adopted by OSHA. See Section 16 for full text of H phrases.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### **First-aid Measures**

### Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

### **Skin Contact:**

Wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes without delay. Obtain medical attention. Do not reuse contaminated clothing without laundering. Destroy or thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

### Eye Contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention immediately.

### Ingestion:

If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

None known.

#### **Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment**

Not applicable.

### Notes To Physician:

No specific measures have been identified.

# **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Use water spray, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical to extinguish fires. Water stream may be ineffective.

#### **Protective Equipment:**

Firefighters, and others exposed, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full firefighting protective clothing. See SDS Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

### Special Hazards:

Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions:

Where exposure level is known, wear approved respirator suitable for level of exposure. Where exposure level is not known, wear approved, positive pressure, self-contained respirator. In addition to the protective clothing/equipment in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection), wear impermeable boots.

### Methods For Cleaning Up:

Remove sources of ignition. Cover spills with some inert absorbent material; sweep up and place in a waste disposal

container. Flush spill area with water.

### **Environmental Precautions:**

Avoid release to the environment.

### References to other sections:

See Sections 7, 8 and 13 for additional information.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### HANDLING

**Precautions:** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and other equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid release to the environment.

**Special Handling Statements:** Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). During processing and handling of the product, comply with the indicative occupational exposure limit values.

### STORAGE

Areas containing this material should have fire safe practices and electrical equipment in accordance with applicable regulations and/or guidelines. Standards are primarily based on the material's flashpoint, but may also take into account properties such as miscibility with water or toxicity. All local and national regulations should be followed. In the Americas, National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 30: Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code, is a widely used standard. NFPA 30 establishes storage conditions for the following classes of materials: Class I Flammable Liquids, Flashpoint <37.8 °C. Class II Combustible Liquids, 37.8 °C < Flashpoint <60 °C. Class IIIa Combustible Liquids, Flashpoint < 93 °C.

**Storage Temperature:** Room temperature -20 - 30 °C **Reason:** Quality.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Engineering Measures:**

Utilize a closed system process where feasible. Where this material is not used in a closed system, good enclosure and local exhaust ventilation should be provided to control exposure when spraying or curing at elevated temperatures.

### **Respiratory Protection:**

For operations where inhalation exposure can occur use an approved respirator. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective respiratory equipment may be used based on user's own risk assessment. Recommended respirators include those certified by NIOSH.

### Recommended:

Full Face Mask with organic vapor cartridge, Type A filter (BP >65°C)

### Eye Protection:

Prevent eye and skin contact. Provide eye wash fountain and safety shower in close proximity to points of potential exposure. Wear eye/face protection such as chemical splash proof goggles or face shield.

### Skin Protection:

Prevent contamination of skin or clothing when removing protective equipment. Wear impermeable gloves and suitable protective clothing. Barrier creams may be used in conjunction with the gloves to provide additional skin protection.

### Hand Protection:

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective materials may be used based on user's own risk assessment. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Replace gloves immediately when torn or any change in appearance (dimension, color, flexibility etc.) is noticed.

<u>Gloves for repeated or prolonged exposure - non exhaustive list:</u> Nitrile rubber (NBR), thickness: > 0.38 mm, break through time: > 480 min

<u>Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection - non exhaustive list:</u> Nitrile rubber (NBR), thickness: 0.12 mm, break through time: up to 120 min

The chemical resistance depends on the type of product and amount of product on the glove. Therefore gloves need to be changed when in contact with chemicals.

Not suitable gloves - non exhaustive list: Natural rubber (NRL), thickness: 0.12 mm

Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing. Use PE gloves as under gloves for difficult situations like for instance: high exposure, unknown composition or unknown properties of the chemicals.

### **Additional Advice:**

Food, beverages, and tobacco products should not be carried, stored, or consumed where this material is in use. Before eating, drinking, or smoking, wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water. It is recommended that a shower be taken after completion of workshift especially if significant contact has occurred. Work clothing should then be laundered prior to reuse. Street clothing should be stored separately from work clothing and protective equipment. Work clothing and shoes should not be taken home.

### Exposure Limit(s)

78-83-1	Isobutanol	
OSHA (PEL)	):	100 ppm (TWA)
. ,		300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (TWA)
ACGIH (TLV	/):	50 ppm (TWA)
Other Value:	,	Not established
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	
OSHA (PEL)	):	0.75 ppm (TWA)
		2 ppm (STEL)
		2 ppm STEL 15 min
		0.5 ppm Action Level
		0.75 ppm TWA
ACGIH (TLV	/):	0.3 ppm (STEL)
		0.1 ppm (TWA)
Other Value:	:	Not established
67-56-1	Methanol	
OSHA (PEL)	):	200 ppm (TWA)
		260 mg/m³ (TWA)
ACGIH (TLV	/):	250 ppm (STEL)
		(skin)
		200 ppm (TWA)
Other Value:	:	Not established

# **Biological Exposure Limit(s)**

Methanol 67-56-1

Biological Exposure Indices 15 mg/L (urine - end of shift) (ACGIH)

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:	water-white
Appearance:	liquid
Odor:	Isobutanol
Boiling Point:	108 °C 226 °F (value for isobutanol)
Melting Point:	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure:	10 mm Hg @ 30 °C (value for isobutanol)
Specific Gravity/Density:	1.1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Vapor Density:	2.55 (air = 1) (value for isobutyl alcohol)
Percent Volatile (% by wt.):	20
pH:	Not available
Saturation In Air (% By Vol.):	Not available
Evaporation Rate:	Not available
Solubility In Water:	Complete
Volatile Organic Content:	Not available
Flash Point:	46 °C 115 °F Setaflash Closed Cup
Flammable Limits (% By Vol):	Lower: 1.2 Upper: 10.9 (values for isobutanol)
Autoignition Temperature:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature:	316 °C 600 °F
Partition coefficient	Not available
(n-octanol/water):	
Odor Threshold:	Not available
Viscosity (Kinematic):	Not available
Viscosity (Dynamic):	Not available
Explosive Properties:	Not available
Oxidizing Properties:	Not available
<b>U</b> 1	

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity:	No information available	
Stability:	Stable.	
Conditions To Avoid:	Excessively high temperatures and ignition sources. Evolution of flammable mixtures possible in air when heated above flash point and/or during spraying or misting.	
Polymerization:	Will not occur	
Conditions To Avoid:	None known	
Materials To Avoid:	rials To Avoid: Strong acids and strong oxidizing agents.	
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Ammonia (NH3) Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide (CO) Formaldehyde oxides of nitrogen	

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Likely Routes of Exposure: Oral, Skin, Eyes, Respiratory System.

Acute toxicity - oral: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification

criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

**Acute toxicity - inhalation:** Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion / irritation: Causes skin irritation Serious eye damage / eye irritation: Causes serious eye damage

**Respiratory sensitization:** Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met. **Skin sensitization:** May cause an allergic skin reaction

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer

Germ cell mutagenicity: Suspected of causing genetic defects Reproductive toxicity: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:** Not Classified. - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure:** Not Classified. - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration hazard:** Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

# **PRODUCT TOXICITY INFORMATION**

### ACUTE TOXICITY DATA

oral	rat	Acute LD50	> 2000  mg/kg
dermal	rabbit	Acute LD50	> 2000 mg/kg
inhalation	rat	Acute LC50 4 hr	> 20 mg/l (Vapors)

LUCAL EFFECTS ON SKIN AND ETE	LOCAL EFFECT	S ON SKIN	AND EYE
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Acute IrritationdermalAcute Irritationeye

Irritating Causes serious damage

### ALLERGIC SENSITIZATION

Sensitization Sensitization Skin respiratory Sensitizing No data

### GENOTOXICITY

Assays for Gene Mutations Ames Salmonella Assay

No data

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The product toxicity information above has been estimated.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

Isobutanol has acute oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of 2.46 g/kg and 2.46 - 3.4 g/kg, respectively. The

LC50 (rat) following a 4-hour inhalation exposure is >8000 ppm (24.24 mg/L). Acute overexposure to isobutanol vapor can cause irritation to the eyes (severe), skin (moderate), and mucous membranes, as well as, central nervous system depression. Literature reports that acute oral exposure to isobutanol has produced CNS effects in animals. Direct contact with isobutanol may cause severe eye and mild to moderate skin irritation.

Formaldehyde has oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of 640 mg/kg and 270 mg/kg, respectively. 50% of the mice had reduced respiration rate following a 10 minutes inhalation exposure at a concentration of 4.9 ppm. Irritation of the nose and throat has been observed in people exposed to formaldehyde vapor levels in excess of 1 ppm. Normal breathing may be seriously impaired and serious lung damage can occur. Formaldehyde has been reported to cause pulmonary hypersensitivity in some individuals who were exposed to concentrations known to cause irritation; however, no pulmonary sensitization has been demonstrated in laboratory animal studies. Formaldehyde solutions can cause severe eye and skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure to solutions of 2% or more formaldehyde has caused allergic skin reactions. Formaldehyde was found to be weakly genotoxic in a number of in vitro genotoxicity tests and positive in certain in vivo genotoxicity studies. Formaldehyde did not cause birth defects in rats inhaling concentrations up to 10 ppm. However, a study using higher levels did show a slight but statistically significant reduction in male fetal body weight. Lifetime inhalation of formaldehyde vapor at concentrations above 5 ppm for 6 hours per day, caused nasal tumors in laboratory animals. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified formaldehyde as a Group 1 (known) human carcinogen based on epidemiological evidence linking formaldehyde exposure to the occurrence of nasopharyngeal cancer, a rare type of cancer. IARC also found limited evidence of cancer of the nasal cavity and paranasal sinuses and insufficient evidence for an association between formaldehyde and leukemia. Inhalation caused liver and kidney damage in laboratory animal tests.

Methanol has acute oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of >5600 mg/kg and 15800 mg/kg, respectively. The 4-hour inhalation exposure LC50 (rat) for methanol vapor is 64,000 ppm (83.78 mg/L). Acute exposure to methanol vapor may cause headache and gastrointestinal irritation. Chronic or extreme inhalation exposure to vapors can cause blurred vision, serious eye damage, central nervous depression and death. Ingestion and inhalation of methanol has caused blindness in humans. Ingestion can also cause harmful effects on the central nervous system and gastrointestinal systems and can lead to death in extreme cases. Absorption of methanol can cause systemic toxicity. It has been reported that chronic skin absorption of methanol has caused ocular disturbances and blindness. Methanol has also been reported to be a teratogen and fetotoxin in laboratory animals and has demonstrated mutagenic activity, in vivo, in mammalian cells. Methanol may cause moderate eye and skin irritation. Literature also reports an oral (rat) LD50 value of 13.0 ml/kg (10g/kg).

### Carcinogenicity

This product contains one or more Carcinogen Chemical(s) in accordance with IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer), NTP (National Toxicology Program), ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists).

Component / CAS No.	Carcinogen
Formaldehyde	IARC 1
50-00-0	NTP
	ACGIH A2

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm – www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# TOXICITY, PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY, BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL, MOBILITY IN SOIL, OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

**Overall Environmental Toxicity:** Harmful to aquatic life.

All ecological information provided was conducted on a structurally similar product. This material is not readily biodegradable.

### ALGAE TEST RESULTS

Test: Growth Inhibition (OECD 201)Duration: 72 hrSpecies: Green Algae (Desmodesmus subspicatus)> 100 mg/lEbC50> 100 mg/lErC50

### **FISH TEST RESULTS**

Test: Acute toxicity, freshwater (OECD 203)Duration: 96 hr.Species: Rainbow Trout (Oncorhyncus mykiss)> 100 mg/lLC50

### **INVERTEBRATE TEST RESULTS**

Test: Acute Immobilization (OECD 202) Duration: 48 hr Species: Water Flea (Daphnia magna) > 100 mg/l

### DEGRADATION

**Test:** Biodegradability **Duration:** 28 day < 70 %

### RESULTS OF PBT AND vPvB ASSESSMENT Not determined

### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Fish
Isobutanol (78-83-1)	LC50 1120 - 1520 mg/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h)
	LC50 1370 - 1670 mg/L - Pimephales promelas (96h)
	LC50 1480 - 1730 mg/L - Lepomis macrochirus (96h)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	LC50 = 6.7 mg/L - Morone saxatilis (96h)
Methanol (67-56-1)	LC50 13500 - 17600 mg/L - Lepomis macrochirus (96h)
	LC50 18 - 20 mL/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h)
	LC50 19500 - 20700 mg/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h)
	LC50 = 28200 mg/L - Pimephales promelas (96h) LC50 > 100 mg/L - Pimephales promelas (96h)

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Water Flea
Isobutanol (78-83-1)	EC50 = 1300 mg/L - Daphnia magna (48h)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	EC50 = 5.8 mg/L - Daphnia pulex (48h)

CYMEL® 380 Resin

Not available

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Algae
Isobutanol (78-83-1)	EC50 = 230 mg/L - Desmodesmus subspicatus (48h)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	EC50 = 4.89 mg/L - Desmodesmus subspicatus (72hrs)
Methanol (67-56-1)	Not available

Component / CAS No.	Partition coefficient
Isobutanol (78-83-1)	0.79
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	0.35
Methanol (67-56-1)	-0.77

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The information on RCRA waste classification and disposal methodology provided below applies only to the product, as supplied. If the material has been altered or contaminated, or it has exceeded its recommended shelf life, the guidance may be inapplicable. Hazardous waste classification under federal regulations (40 CFR Part 261 et seq) is dependent upon whether a material is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste" or has any of the four RCRA "hazardous waste characteristics." Refer to 40 CFR Part 261.33 to determine if a given material to be disposed of is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste"; information contained in Section 15 of this SDS is not intended to indicate if the product is a "listed hazardous waste." RCRA Hazardous Waste Characteristics: There are four characteristics defined in 40 CFR Section 261.21-61.24: Ignitability, Corrosivity, Reactivity, and Toxicity. To determine Ignitability, see Section 9 of this SDS (flash point). For Corrosivity, see Sections 9 and 14 (pH and DOT corrosivity). For Reactivity, see Section 10 (incompatible materials). For Toxicity, see Section 3 (composition). Federal regulations are subject to change. State and local requirements, which may differ from or be more stringent than the federal regulations, may also apply to the classification of the material if it is to be disposed. The Company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, where permitted, as an alternate to disposal as a waste. The Company recommends that organic materials classified as RCRA hazardous wastes be disposed of by thermal treatment or incineration at EPA approved facilities. The Company has provided the foregoing for information only; the person generating the waste is responsible for determining the waste classification and disposal method.

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

This section provides basic shipping classification information. Refer to appropriate transportation regulations for specific requirements.

## **US DOT**

Dangerous Goods? X	
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	<b>RESIN SOLUTION</b>
Hazard Class: 3	
Packing Group: III	
UN/ID Number: UN1866	
Transport Label Required:	Flammable Liquid

Component / CAS No.

Isobutanol Formaldehyde

Comments:

Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantity of <u>Product (lbs)</u> 35714 4016

Flammable liquids with a flash point at or above 38° C (100° F) and not meeting the definition of any other hazard class may be reclassed as a Combustible liquid except for transport by vessel or aircraft. If reclassed, these Combustible liquids

are not regulated in non-bulk packagings.

Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities - DOT requirements specific to Hazardous Substances only apply if the quantity in one package equals or exceeds the product reportable quantity.

### **TRANSPORT CANADA**

Dangerous Goods? X PROPER SHIPPING NAME: RESIN SOLUTION Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: III UN Number: UN1866 Transport Label Required: Flammable Liquid

### ICAO / IATA

Dangerous Goods? X	
UN PROPER SHIPPING NAM	ME: RESIN SOLUTION
Transport Hazard Class: 3	
Packing Group: III	
UN Number: UN1866	
Transport Label Required:	Flammable Liquid

### IMO

Dangerous Goods? X UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: RESIN SOLUTION Transport Hazard Class: 3 UN Number: UN1866 Packing Group: III Transport Label Required: Flammable Liquid

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **Inventory Information**

**United States (USA):** All components of this product are designated as "Active" on the TSCA Inventory or are not required to be listed.

**Canada:** All components of this product are included on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed on the DSL.

**Australia:** All components of this product are included in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) or are not required to be listed on AICS.

**New Zealand:** This product is approved or exempt under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act.

**China:** All components of this product are included on the Chinese inventory or are not required to be listed on the Chinese inventory.

**Japan:** All components of this product are included on the Japanese (ENCS and ISHL) inventories or are not required to be listed on the Japanese inventories.

Korea: All components of this product are included on the Korean (ECL) inventory or are not required to be listed on the Korean inventory. When purchased from Allnex Korea or Chemart distributor this product is compliant with the ARECs (the Act on the Registration and Evaluation, etc. of Chemical Substances). All its components are either excluded, exempt, pre-notified and/or registered. When purchased from another allnex entity, please contact PSRA-KREACH@allnex.com to check the possibility to be covered by our Only Representative.

**Philippines:** All components of this product are included on the Philippine (PICCS) inventory or are not required to be listed on the Philippine inventory.

**Taiwan:** All components of this product are included in the Taiwan chemical substance inventory or are not required to be listed on the Taiwan chemical substance inventory (TCSI).

### OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The following components of this product may be subject to reporting requirements pursuant to Section 313 of CERCLA (40 CFR 372), Section 12(b) of TSCA, or may be subject to release reporting requirements (40 CFR 307, 40 CFR 311, etc.) See Section 13 for information on waste classification and waste disposal of this product.

<b>Component / CAS No.</b> Isobutanol 78-83-1	<b>%</b> 12 - 14	<b>TPQ (Ibs)</b> None	<b>RQ(lbs)</b> 5000	<b>S313</b> No	TSCA 12B No
Formaldehyde 50-00-0	< 2.5	500	100	Yes	No

### PRODUCT HAZARD CATEGORY UNDER SECTIONS 311 AND 312 OF EPCRA

### **Physical Hazards**

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

### **Health Hazards**

Carcinogenicity Skin Corrosion or Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Serious eye damage or eye irritation Germ cell mutagenicity

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### NFPA Hazard Rating (National Fire Protection Association)

Health: 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

Fire: 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.

Instability: 0 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions.

Reasons For Issue:	Revised Section 3
	Revised Section 11

Date Prepared:	11/24/2019
Date of last significant revision:	04/14/2019

# **Component - Hazard Statements**

Isobutanol

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Formaldehyde

- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

Methanol

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
- H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
- H320 Causes eye irritation.
- H331 Toxic if inhaled.
- H370 Causes damage to organs.

### Emergency phone numbers for other regions

### Asia Pacific

Australia: +61 1800 022 037 (Allnex Australia) China (PRC): +86(0)25 8547 7110 (Jiangsu registration center) / +86(0)532 8388 9090 (NRCC) India: 000 800 100 7479 (toll free) or +65 3158 1198 (Carechem 24) Indonesia: 007 803 011 0293 (Carechem 24) Japan: +81 345 789 341 (Carechem 24) Korea: +82 2 3479 8401 (Carechem 24) Malavsia: +60 3 6207 4347 (Carechem 24) New Zealand: +64 0800 803 002 (Allnex New Zealand) Philippines: +63 2 231 2149 (Carechem 24) Taiwan: +886 2 8793 3212 (Carechem 24) Vietnam: +84 8 4458 2388 (Carechem 24) All Others: +65 3158 1074 (Carechem 24) Europe +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (Carechem 24) Middle East, Africa +44 (0) 1235 239 671 (Carechem 24) Latin America Brazil: +55-800-707-7022 (toll free) or +55-11-98149-0850 (Suatrans 24) Chile: +56 2 2582 9336 (Carechem 24) Mexico and all others: +52-555-004-8763 (Carechem 24)

Prepared By: Product Stewardship & Regulatory Affairs Department, http://www.allnex.com/contact

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