



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

BLUE CUBE OPERATIONS LLC

**Product name:** D.E.H.™ 580 Epoxy Curing Agent

**Issue Date:** 04/16/2015

**Print Date:** 06/01/2015

BLUE CUBE OPERATIONS LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION

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**Product name:** D.E.H.™ 580 Epoxy Curing Agent

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Identified uses:** Hardener for epoxy resin.

### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

BLUE CUBE OPERATIONS LLC  
2030 DOW CENTER  
MIDLAND MI 48674-0000  
UNITED STATES

**Customer Information Number:**

800-258-2436

[SDSQuestion@dow.com](mailto:SDSQuestion@dow.com)

### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 1 800 424 9300

**Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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### Hazard classification

This material is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Oral

Skin corrosion - Category 1B

Serious eye damage - Category 1

Skin sensitisation - Sub-category 1A

### Label elements

**Hazard pictograms**



Signal word: **DANGER!**

#### Hazards

Harmful if swallowed.  
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Precautionary statements

##### Prevention

Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.  
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

##### Response

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.  
IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.  
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

##### Storage

Store locked up.

##### Disposal

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

Causes burns of the mouth and throat.

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### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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**Chemical nature:** Amine Solution

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine)	2855-13-2	15.0 - 30.0 %
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	30.0 - 50.0 %
5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox	68609-08-5	20.0 - 40.0 %

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## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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### Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

**Skin contact:** Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur or irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

**Eye contact:** Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do not give anything by mouth unless the person is fully conscious.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if lavage is done. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

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## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

**Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazardous combustion products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Dense smoke is produced when product burns.

**Advice for firefighters**

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Evacuate area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Absorb with materials such as: Sand. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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**Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Keep container closed.

Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Store in a cool, dry place. Avoid contact with: Brass. Bronze. Copper. Copper alloys.

#### Storage stability

**Storage temperature:** 0 - 30 °C (32 - 86 °F)  
**Shelf life: Use within** 24 Month

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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### Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Benzyl alcohol	US WEEL	TWA	10 ppm

### Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

### Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Yellow
<b>Odor</b>	Ammoniacal
<b>Odor Threshold</b>	No test data available
<b>pH</b>	Not applicable
<b>Melting point/range</b>	Not applicable
<b>Freezing point</b>	No test data available
<b>Boiling point (760 mmHg)</b>	247 °C ( 477 °F) <i>Literature</i> isophoronediamine
<b>Flash point</b>	<b>closed cup</b> > 112 °C (> 234 °F) <i>Literature</i>
<b>Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)</b>	No test data available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable to liquids
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	No test data available
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	No test data available
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	0.02 mbar at 25 °C (77 °F) <i>Literature</i>
<b>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)</b>	No test data available
<b>Relative Density (water = 1)</b>	1.03 <i>Literature</i>
<b>Water solubility</b>	Slightly soluble
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	no data available
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	No test data available
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	No test data available
<b>Dynamic Viscosity</b>	300 - 400 cP at 25 °C (77 °F) <i>ASTM D 445</i>
<b>Kinematic Viscosity</b>	No test data available
<b>Explosive properties</b>	No
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	No
<b>Molecular weight</b>	No test data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** no data available

**Chemical stability:** Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid:** Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with: Acids. Halogenated hydrocarbons. Oxidizers. Avoid contact with metals such as: Brass. Bronze. Copper. Copper alloys.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Aromatic compounds. Amines. Hydrocarbons. Phenolics.

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## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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*Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.*

### **Acute toxicity**

#### **Acute oral toxicity**

Low toxicity if swallowed. Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration. Swallowing may result in burns of the mouth and throat.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

For the component(s) tested:  
LD50, Rat, > 1,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### **Acute dermal toxicity**

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

For the component(s) tested:  
LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### **Acute inhalation toxicity**

Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). May cause central nervous system depression. Symptoms may include headache, dizziness and drowsiness, progressing to incoordination and unconsciousness. Prolonged excessive exposure may cause serious adverse effects, even death.

The LC50 has not been determined.

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Brief contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

Vapor may cause lacrimation (tears).

### **Sensitization**

A component in this mixture has caused allergic skin reactions in humans.

Contains component(s) which have caused allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant information found.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)**

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

**Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)**

For the component(s) tested:

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Central nervous system.

Muscles.

Thymus.

Urinary tract.

Respiratory tract.

Liver.

**Carcinogenicity**

The data presented are for the following material: Benzyl alcohol. Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

**Teratogenicity**

The data presented are for the following material: Benzyl alcohol. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Contains component(s) which did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**Reproductive toxicity**

No relevant data found.

**Mutagenicity**

The data presented are for the following material: Benzyl alcohol. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Contains a component(s) which were negative in in vitro genetic toxicity studies. Contains component(s) which were negative in animal genetic toxicity studies.

**Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

**COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:**

**3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine)**

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.01 mg/l

**Benzyl alcohol**

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, vapour, 11 mg/l

**5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox**

**Acute inhalation toxicity**

The LC50 has not been determined.



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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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*Ecotoxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.*

### Toxicity

#### **3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine)**

##### **Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, *Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe), semi-static test, 96 Hour, 110 mg/l

##### **Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, *Daphnia magna* (Water flea), Static, 48 Hour, 23 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

##### **Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EbC50, alga *Scenedesmus* sp., 72 Hour, Biomass, 37 mg/l

##### **Toxicity to bacteria**

EC10, Bacteria, 18 Hour, 1,120 mg/l

##### **Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, *Daphnia magna* (Water flea), 21 d, number of offspring, 3 mg/l

#### **Benzyl alcohol**

##### **Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LC50, *Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow), Static, 96 Hour, 460 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

##### **Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EC50, *Daphnia magna* (Water flea), 48 Hour, 230 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

##### **Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EC50, *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae), Static, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 770 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

##### **Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, Respiration inhibition, 49 Hour, Respiration rates., 2,100 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

##### **Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

NOEC, *Daphnia magna*, semi-static test, 21 d, 51 mg/l

#### **5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox**

##### **Acute toxicity to fish**

Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

LL50, Rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*), static test, 96 Hour, 70.7 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203

**Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates**

EL50, water flea *Daphnia magna*, static test, 48 Hour, 11.1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

**Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

EL50, *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth inhibition (cell density reduction), 79.4 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50, activated sludge, aerobic, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 1,000 mg/l, activated sludge test (OECD 209)

**Persistence and degradability**

**3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine)**

**Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 8 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 42 %

**Exposure time:** 3 Hour

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 303A or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 3.38 mg/mg

**Photodegradation**

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitizer:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 0.126 d

**Method:** Estimated.

**Benzyl alcohol**

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable

**Biodegradation:** 92 - 96 %

**Exposure time:** 14 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301C or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 2.52 mg/mg

**Photodegradation**

**Test Type:** Half-life (indirect photolysis)

**Sensitizer:** OH radicals

**Atmospheric half-life:** 1.296 d

**Method:** Estimated.

**5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox**

**Biodegradability:** Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 0 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

#### Bioaccumulative potential

##### **3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine)**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 0.79 Measured

##### **Benzyl alcohol**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 1.10 Measured

##### **5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox**

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 3.6 at 25 °C

#### Mobility in soil

##### **3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (isophoronediamine)**

Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

**Partition coefficient(Koc):** 340 Estimated.

##### **Benzyl alcohol**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

**Partition coefficient(Koc):** 16 Estimated.

##### **5-Amino-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexanemethanamine reaction products with 2,2'-(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[ox**

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

**Partition coefficient(Koc):** > 5000 OECD 121: HPLC Method

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS

INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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### DOT

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Isophoronediamine solution
<b>UN number</b>	UN 2289
<b>Class</b>	8
<b>Packing group</b>	III

### Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	ISOPHORONEDIAMINE SOLUTION
<b>UN number</b>	UN 2289
<b>Class</b>	8
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code</b>	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

### Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Isophoronediamine solution
<b>UN number</b>	UN 2289
<b>Class</b>	8
<b>Packing group</b>	III

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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### OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Acute Health Hazard  
Chronic Health Hazard

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act:**

The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Components	CASRN
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6

**California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)**

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

**United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)**

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

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**16. OTHER INFORMATION****Hazard Rating System****NFPA**

Health	Fire	Reactivity
3	1	0

**Revision**

Identification Number: 101212380 / A476 / Issue Date: 04/16/2015 / Version: 5.0

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

**Legend**

TWA	8-hr TWA
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

**Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

BLUE CUBE OPERATIONS LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the

control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.