

CRAYVALLAC® SF

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Company

Arkema Inc. 900 First Avenue

King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

Arkema Coating Resins

Customer Service Telephone Number: (877) 331-6696

(Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM EST)

Emergency Information

Transportation: CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

Medical: Rocky Mountain Poison Center: (866) 767-5089

(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

Product Information

Product name: CRAYVALLAC® SF
Synonyms: Not available
Molecular formula: Complex mixture
Chemical family: Micronized wax

Product use: Additive for :Paints, Coatings, Inks, Adhesives

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Color:off-whitePhysical state:solidForm:powderOdor:odourless

*Classification of the substance or mixture:

See Supplemental Hazard Statements below.

GHS-Labelling

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements:

This material is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard criteria, based on hazard(s) not otherwise classified.

Supplemental Hazard Statements:



CRAYVALLAC® SF

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Processing may release vapors and/or fumes which cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation.

Supplemental information:

Potential Health Effects:

The product, in the form supplied, is not anticipated to produce significant adverse human health effects. Effects due to processing releases: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Contains polymer(s). Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: headache, drowsiness, nausea, weakness, (severity of effects depends on extent of exposure).

Other:

Mechanical irritation effects from dust exposure are possible at ambient temperature. This product may release fume and/or vapor of variable composition depending on processing time and temperature.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
Castor oil, hydrogenated	8001-78-3	>= 60 - <= 100 %	Not classified
Proprietary component	Proprietary*	>= 30 - < 60 %	Not classified

^{*}The specific chemical identity is withheld because it is trade secret information of Arkema Inc.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures:

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air.

Skin

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. If molten polymer gets on the skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not peel solidified product off the skin. Remove material from clothing. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burns. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

^{**}For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.



CRAYVALLAC® SF

Eyes:

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burns.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

For most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed), see Section 2 (Hazard Statements and Supplemental Information) and Section 11 (Toxicology Information) of this SDS.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Unless otherwise noted in Notes to Physician, no specific treatment noted; treat symptomatically.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media (suitable):

Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray

Extinguishing media (unsuitable):

High volume water jet

Protective equipment:

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

Further firefighting advice:

Do not use a solid stream of water.

A solid stream of water can cause a dust explosion.

Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Fire and explosion hazards:

Dust clouds generated during handling and/or storage can form explosive mixtures with air. Dust explosion characteristics vary with the particle size, particle shape, moisture content, contaminants, and other variables. Note: Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. As with any dry material, pouring this material or allowing it to free-fall or to be conveyed through chutes or pipes can accumulate and generate electrostatic sparks, potentially causing ignition of the material itself, or of any flammable materials which may come into contact with the material or its container.

When burned, the following hazardous products of combustion can occur:

Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides

Hazardous organic compounds

Product code: 800296 Version 2.3 Issued on: 11/10/2016 Page: 3 / 12



CRAYVALLAC® SF

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, Emergency procedures, Methods and materials for containment/clean-up:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid dust formation and dispersal of dust in the air. Wet down (dampen) the spilled material with water. Sweep or scoop up using non-sparking tools and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal. The sweepings should be wetted down further with water. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Implement workplace practices such that dusts are not allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

Protective equipment:

Appropriate personal protective equipment is set forth in Section 8.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

General information on handling:

Avoid breathing dust.

Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.

Keep container closed.

Avoid creating dust in handling, transfer or clean up.

Prevent dust accumulation.

Implement routine housekeeping practices to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements.

Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Container hazardous when empty.

Follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

RESIDUAL DUSTS MAY EXPLODE ON IGNITION.

DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.

Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and/or illegal.

Emptied container retains product residue.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include avoiding unnecessary exposure and removal of material from eyes, skin, and clothing.

Storage

General information on storage conditions:

Keep in a dry, cool place. Store in closed containers, in a secure area to prevent container damage and subsequent spillage. Store in well ventilated area away from heat and sources of ignition such as flame, sparks and static electricity. Ensure that all storage and handling equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. Static electricity may accumulate when transferring material. All metal and groundable storage containers, including but not limited to drums, cylinders, Returnable Intermodal Bulk Containers (RIBCs) and Class C Flexible Intermodal Bulk Containers (FIBCs) must be bonded and grounded during filling and emptying operations. Observe all federal, state and local regulations and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Codes, which pertain to the specific local conditions of storage and use, including NFPA 654.

Product code: 800296 Version 2.3 Issued on: 11/10/2016 Page: 4 / 12



CRAYVALLAC® SF

Storage stability - Remarks:

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Storage incompatibility - General:

Store separate from:

Acids

Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Airborne Exposure Guidelines:

Particles Not Otherwise Specified / Nuisance Dust (Proprietary)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Form: Inhalable particles.

Time weighted average 10 mg/m3

Form: Respirable particles.

Time weighted average 3 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Respirable fraction.

PEL: 5 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Total dust PEL: 15 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Respirable fraction.

Time weighted average 15millions of particles per cubic foot of air

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Total dust

Time weighted average 50millions of particles per cubic foot of air

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Respirable fraction.

Time weighted average 5 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form: Total dust Time weighted average 15 mg/m3



CRAYVALLAC® SF

Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section. Limits with skin contact designation above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required. Limits with a sensitizer designation above mean that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.

Engineering controls:

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Check that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation, material transport systems, and airmaterial separation devices involved in handling this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Isolation devices may be appropriate to prevent propagation from one unit to another. Ensure that dust-handling systems are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Consult ACGIH ventilation manual, NFPA Standard 91 and NFPA Standard 654 for design of exhaust system and safe handling.

Respiratory protection:

Avoid breathing dust. Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors. Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components and substances released during processing. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

Skin protection:

Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause skin irritation. Minimize skin contamination by following good industrial hygiene practice. Wearing protective gloves is recommended. Wash hands and contaminated skin thoroughly after contact with processing fumes or vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Eye protection:

Use good industrial practice to avoid eye contact. Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause eye irritation. Where eye contact may be likely, wear chemical goggles and have eye flushing equipment available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES					
Color:	off-white				
Physical state:	solid				
Product code: 800296	Version 2.3	Issued on: 11/10/2016	Page: 6 / 12		



CRAYVALLAC® SF

Form: powder

Odor: odourless

Odor threshold: No data available

Flash point No data available

Auto-ignition 716 °F (380 °C)

temperature:

Lower flammable limit

(LFL):

No data available

Upper flammable limit

(UFL):

No data available

pH: No data available

Density: 1.02 g/cm3 (68 °F (20 °C))

Specific Gravity (Relative

density):

1.02 (68 °F(20 °C))Water=1 (liquid)

Vapor pressure: No data available

Vapor density: No data available

Boiling point/boiling

range:

No data available.

Melting point/range: 266 - 284 °F (130 - 140 °C)

Freezing point: No data available.

Evaporation rate: No data available

Solubility in water: insoluble

Solubility in other

solvents: [qualitative and

quantative]

Soluble in most organic solvents

Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

Oil/water partition

coefficient:

No data available

Thermal decomposition: No data available

Flammability: See GHS Classification in Section 2

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY



CRAYVALLAC® SF

Stability:

This material is chemically stable under normal and anticipated storage, handling and processing conditions.

Hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Materials to avoid:

Acids

Strong oxidizing agents

Conditions / hazards to avoid:

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid storing in moist and warm conditions.

Hazardous decomposition products:

Thermal decomposition giving flammable and toxic products Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides Hazardous organic compounds

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Data for Castor oil, hydrogenated (8001-78-3)

Acute toxicity

Oral:

Practically nontoxic. (rat) LD0 > 20,000 mg/kg.

Dermal:

No deaths occurred. (rat) LD0 = 2,000 mg/kg. (data for a similar material)

Inhalation:

No deaths occurred. (rat) 6 h LC0 = 1.86 mg/l. (dust/mist, data for a similar material)

Skin Irritation:

Practically non-irritating. (rabbit) (data for a similar material)

Eye Irritation:

Causes mild eye irritation. (rabbit) (data for a similar material)

Skin Sensitization:

Not a sensitizer. Guinea pig maximization test. No skin allergy was observed (data for a similar material)

Genotoxicity

Assessment in Vitro:

No genetic changes were observed in a laboratory test using: bacteria





CRAYVALLAC® SF

<u>Human experience</u>

Skin contact:

Skin: Sensitization described in isolated cases.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemical Fate and Pathway

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Data for Castor oil, hydrogenated (8001-78-3)

Biodegradation:

Readily biodegradable. (28 d) biodegradation 64 %

Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:

log Pow = 18.75 (calculated)

Ecotoxicology

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Data for Castor oil, hydrogenated (8001-78-3)

Aquatic toxicity data:

No effect up to the limit of solubility. Danio rerio (zebra fish) 96 h LC50 > 1,000 mg/l (nominal concentrations reported)

Aquatic invertebrates:

No effect up to the limit of solubility. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 48 h EC50 > 100 mg/l (data for a similar material)

Algae:

No effect up to the limit of solubility. Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) 72 h EC50 > 100 mg/l (data for a similar material)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal:

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not an option, incinerate or dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Pigmented, filled and/or solvent laden product may require special disposal practices in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation (DOT): not regulated

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG): not regulated

Product code: 800296 Version 2.3 Issued on: 11/10/2016 Page: 9 / 12





CRAYVALLAC® SF

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventory Status

EU. EINECS EINECS

US. Toxic Substances Control Act TSCA This product complies with TSCA

Inventory requirements. The polymer component(s) is (are) eligible for the amended polymer exemption at 40 CFR

Section 723.250.

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

DSL

All components of this product are on the

Canadian DSL

China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in

China (IECSC)

IECSC (CN) Does not conform

Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

ENCS (JP)

Does not conform

Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances

ISHL (JP)

Does not conform

Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)

KECI (KR) Conforms to

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical

Substances (PICCS)

PICCS (PH)

The mixture contains a polymer. The monomers for this polymer have been

notified., Conforms to

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

AICS

Does not conform

United States - Federal Regulations

SARA Title III - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard

SARA Title III – Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):

The components in this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

United States - State Regulations

Product code: 800296 Version 2.3 Issued on: 11/10/2016 Page: 10 / 12



CRAYVALLAC® SF

New Jersey Right to Know

No components are subject to the New Jersey Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right to Know

<u>Chemical name</u> <u>CAS-No.</u>
Castor oil, hydrogenated 8001-78-3

Proprietary component Proprietary

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive defects.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Miscellaneous:

Other information: Refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 654,

Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate

Solids, for safe handling.

Latest Revision(s):

 Reference number:
 200002487

 Date of Revision:
 11/10/2016

 Date Printed:
 11/10/2016

CRAYVALLAC® is a registered trademark of Arkema Inc.

The statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof. Since the conditions and methods of use of the product and of the information referred to herein are beyond our control, ARKEMA expressly disclaims any and all liability as to any results obtained or arising from any use of the product or reliance on such information; NO WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE GOODS DESCRIBED OR THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN. The information provided herein relates only to the specific product designated and may not be applicable when such product is used in combination with other materials or in any process. The user should thoroughly test any application before commercialization. Nothing contained herein constitutes a license to practice under any patent and it should not be construed as an inducement to infringe any patent and the user is advised to take appropriate steps to be sure that any proposed use of the product will not result in patent infringement. See SDS for Health & Safety Considerations.

Arkema has implemented a Medical Policy regarding the use of Arkema products in Medical Devices applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids (http://www.arkema.com/en/social-responsibility/responsible-product-management/medical-device-policy/index.html) Arkema has designated Medical grades to be used for such Medical Device applications. Products that have not been designated as Medical grades are not authorized by Arkema for use in Medical Device applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids. In addition, Arkema strictly prohibits the use of any Arkema products in Medical Device applications that are implanted in the body or in contact with bodily fluids or tissues for greater than 30 days. The Arkema trademarks and the Arkema name shall not be used in conjunction with customers' medical devices, including without limitation, permanent or temporary implantable devices, and customers shall not represent to anyone else, that Arkema allows, endorses or permits the use of Arkema products in such medical devices.

Product code: 800296 Version 2.3 Issued on: 11/10/2016 Page: 11 / 12



CRAYVALLAC® SF

It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to determine the suitability (including biocompatibility) of all raw materials, products and components, including any medical grade Arkema products, in order to ensure that the final end-use product is safe for its end use; performs or functions as intended; and complies with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements (FDA or other national drug agencies) It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to conduct all necessary tests and inspections and to evaluate the medical device under actual end-use requirements and to adequately advise and warn purchasers, users, and/or learned intermediaries (such as physicians) of pertinent risks and fulfill any postmarket surveillance obligations. Any decision regarding the appropriateness of a particular Arkema material in a particular medical device should be based on the judgment of the manufacturer, seller, the competent authority, and the treating physician.