

**ORGASOL® 3502 D NAT 1****1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION****Company**

Arkema Inc.  
900 First Avenue  
King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

Specialty Polyamides

**Customer Service Telephone Number:** (800) 932-0420  
(Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM EST)

**Emergency Information**

**Transportation:** CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300  
(24 hrs., 7 days a week)  
**Medical:** Rocky Mountain Poison Center: (866) 767-5089  
(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

**Product Information**

**Product name:** ORGASOL® 3502 D NAT 1  
**Synonyms:** Not available  
**Molecular formula:** Proprietary  
**Chemical family:** copolymer  
**Product use:** Coatings, Composite materials

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****Emergency Overview**

**Color:** white  
**Physical state:** solid  
**Form:** powder  
**Odor:** none

**\*Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
See Supplemental Hazard Statements below.

**GHS-Labeling**

Signal word: **Warning**

**Hazard statements:**

This material is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard criteria, based on hazard(s) not otherwise classified.

**Supplemental Hazard Statements:**

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.  
Processing may release vapors and/or fumes which cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation.

**Supplemental information:**

**Potential Health Effects:**

The product, in the form supplied, is not anticipated to produce significant adverse human health effects. Contains high molecular weight polymer(s). Effects due to processing releases or residual monomer: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: headache, drowsiness, nausea, weakness, (severity of effects depends on extent of exposure).

**Other:**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. (powder) Mechanical irritation effects from dust exposure are possible at ambient temperature. This product may release fume and/or vapor of variable composition depending on processing time and temperature. This material may contain residual caprolactam monomer.

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
Proprietary component	Proprietary*	> 98 %	Not classified
Water	7732-18-5	1 %	Not classified

\*The specific chemical identity is withheld because it is trade secret information of Arkema Inc.

\*\*For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures:**

**Inhalation:**

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air.

**Skin:**

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. If molten polymer gets on the skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not peel solidified product off the skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burns. Remove material from clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**Eyes:**

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burns.

**Ingestion:**

**ORGASOL® 3502 D NAT 1**

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:**

For most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed), see Section 2 (Hazard Statements and Supplemental Information) and Section 11 (Toxicology Information) of this SDS.

**4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:**

Unless otherwise noted in Notes to Physician, no specific treatment noted; treat symptomatically.

**5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES****Extinguishing media (suitable):**

Water spray

**Extinguishing media (unsuitable):**

High volume water jet

**Protective equipment:**

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

**Further firefighting advice:**

Do not use a solid stream of water.

A solid stream of water can cause a dust explosion.

Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

**Fire and explosion hazards:**

Dust clouds generated during handling and/or storage can form explosive mixtures with air. Dust explosion characteristics vary with the particle size, particle shape, moisture content, contaminants, and other variables.

Note: Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. As with any dry material, pouring this material or allowing it to free-fall or to be conveyed through chutes or pipes can accumulate and generate electrostatic sparks, potentially causing ignition of the material itself, or of any flammable materials which may come into contact with the material or its container.

When burned, the following hazardous products of combustion can occur:

Carbon oxides

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)  
(traces)

Hydrocarbons

Hazardous organic compounds

**ORGASOL® 3502 D NAT 1****6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****Personal precautions, Emergency procedures, Methods and materials for containment/clean-up:**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid dust formation and dispersal of dust in the air. Wet down (dampen) the spilled material with water. Sweep or scoop up using non-sparking tools and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal. The sweepings should be wetted down further with water. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Implement workplace practices such that dusts are not allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

**Protective equipment:**

Appropriate personal protective equipment is set forth in Section 8.

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE****Handling****General information on handling:**

Avoid breathing dust.  
Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors.  
Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.  
Keep container closed.  
Avoid creating dust in handling, transfer or clean up.  
Prevent dust accumulation.  
Implement routine housekeeping practices to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.  
Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements.  
Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations.  
Container hazardous when empty.  
Follow label warnings even after container is emptied.  
RESIDUAL DUSTS MAY EXPLODE ON IGNITION.  
DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.  
Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and/or illegal.  
Emptied container retains product residue.  
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include avoiding unnecessary exposure and removal of material from eyes, skin, and clothing.

**Storage****General information on storage conditions:**

Keep in a dry, cool place. Store in closed containers, in a secure area to prevent container damage and subsequent spillage. Store away from moisture and heat to maintain the technical properties of the product. Store in well ventilated area away from heat and sources of ignition such as flame, sparks and static electricity. Ensure that all storage and handling equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. Static electricity may accumulate when transferring material. All metal and groundable storage containers, including but not limited to drums, cylinders, Returnable Intermodal Bulk Containers (RIBCs) and Class C Flexible Intermodal Bulk Containers (FIBCs) must be bonded and grounded during filling and emptying operations. Observe all federal, state and local regulations and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Codes, which pertain to the specific local conditions of storage and use, including NFPA 654.

**Storage stability – Remarks:**

Stable under normal conditions.

**Storage incompatibility – General:**

None known.

**Temperature tolerance – Do not store above:**

140 °F (60 °C)

<b>8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION</b>
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**Airborne Exposure Guidelines:**

**Particles Not Otherwise Specified / Nuisance Dust (Proprietary)**

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<b>Form:</b>	Inhalable particles.
Time weighted average	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Form:</b>	Respirable particles.
Time weighted average	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<b>Form:</b>	Respirable fraction.
PEL:	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

<b>Form:</b>	Total dust
PEL:	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<b>Form:</b>	Respirable fraction.
Time weighted average	15millions of particles per cubic foot of air

<b>Form:</b>	Total dust
Time weighted average	50millions of particles per cubic foot of air

<b>Form:</b>	Respirable fraction.
Time weighted average	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

<b>Form:</b>	Total dust
Time weighted average	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section. Limits with skin contact designation above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required. Limits with a sensitizer designation above mean that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.

**Engineering controls:**

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Check that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation, material transport systems, and air-material separation devices involved in handling this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Isolation devices may be appropriate to prevent propagation from one unit to another. Ensure that dust-handling systems are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Consult ACGIH ventilation manual, NFPA Standard 91 and NFPA Standard 654 for design of exhaust system and safe handling.

**Respiratory protection:**

Avoid breathing dust. Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors. Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components and substances released during processing. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

**Skin protection:**

Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause skin irritation. Minimize skin contamination by following good industrial hygiene practice. Wearing protective gloves is recommended. Wash hands and contaminated skin thoroughly after contact with processing fumes or vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Eye protection:**

Use good industrial practice to avoid eye contact. Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause eye irritation. Where eye contact may be likely, wear chemical goggles and have eye flushing equipment available.

<b>9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES</b>
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<b>Color:</b>	white
<b>Physical state:</b>	solid
<b>Form:</b>	powder
<b>Odor:</b>	none
<b>Odor threshold:</b>	No data available
<b>Flash point</b>	Not applicable

<b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b>	> 752 °F (> 400 °C)
<b>Lower flammable limit (LFL):</b>	30 g/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Upper flammable limit (UFL):</b>	No data available
<b>pH:</b>	3 - 7.5 Aqueous suspension
<b>Density:</b>	1.02 - 1.15 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (68 °F (20 °C)) True volume mass
<b>Bulk density:</b>	200 - 500 kg/m <sup>3</sup> 68 °F (20 °C)
<b>Vapor pressure:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Vapor density:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Boiling point/boiling range:</b>	No data available
<b>Melting point/range:</b>	No data available
<b>Freezing point:</b>	No data available
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	No data available
<b>Solubility in water:</b>	estimated < 1 mg/l 68 °F (20 °C) insoluble
<b>Solubility in other solvents: [qualitative and quantitative]</b>	Soluble in:  Mineral acids  Phenols  Insoluble in :  Chlorinated solvents  Alkaline conditions  Most organic solvents
<b>Viscosity, dynamic:</b>	No data available
<b>Particle size:</b>	10 - 20 µm
<b>Oil/water partition coefficient:</b>	No data available
<b>Thermal decomposition</b>	698 °F (370 °C)

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**Flammability:** See GHS Classification in Section 2

**Minimum ignition energy:** 1 - 20 mJ

**Other physical data:** Dust explosion class St2  
Standards ISO 6184-1 - NF EN 26184-1 - ASTM E 1226

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability:**  
The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

**Hazardous reactions:**  
Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Materials to avoid:**  
None known.

**Conditions / hazards to avoid:**  
Avoid storing in moist and warm conditions. (to maintain the technical properties of the product). See Hazardous Decomposition Products below.

**Hazardous decomposition products:**

Thermal decomposition giving toxic, flammable, and / or corrosive products:  
Carbon oxides  
Ammonia  
Amino derivatives  
Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)  
(traces)  
Hazardous organic compounds  
Hydrocarbons

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Data on this material and/or a similar material are summarized below.

**Data for Proprietary component (Proprietary)****Acute toxicity**

**Oral:**  
No deaths occurred. (rat) LD<sub>0</sub> >= 2,000 mg/kg.

**Dermal:**  
No deaths occurred. (rat) LD<sub>0</sub> >= 2,000 mg/kg.

**Skin Irritation:**



Not irritating. (rabbit) Irritation Index: 0. (4 h)

**Eye Irritation:**

Not irritating. (rabbit) Irritation Index: 0.

**Skin Sensitization:**

Not a sensitizer. Guinea pig maximization test. (guinea pig) No skin allergy was observed

Not a sensitizer. LLNA: Local Lymph Node Assay. (mouse) No effect is reported.

**Other information**

The information presented is from representative materials in this chemical class. The results may vary depending on the test substance.

**Human experience****General:**

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Chemical Fate and Pathway**

No data are available.

**Ecotoxicology**

No data are available.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste disposal:**

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not an option, incinerate or dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Pigmented, filled and/or solvent laden product may require special disposal practices in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**US Department of Transportation (DOT):** not regulated

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG):** not regulated

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION****Chemical Inventory Status**

EU. EINECS

EINECS

Conforms to

**ORGASOL® 3502 D NAT 1**

US. Toxic Substances Control Act	TSCA	This product complies with TSCA Inventory requirements. The polymer component(s) is (are) eligible for the amended polymer exemption at 40 CFR Section 723.250.
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	DSL	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	IECSC (CN)	Conforms to
Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory	ENCS (JP)	Conforms to
Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances	ISHL (JP)	Conforms to
Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	KECI (KR)	Conforms to
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	PICCS (PH)	Conforms to
Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	AICS	Conforms to

**United States – Federal Regulations**

**SARA Title III – Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:**

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

**SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:**

Fire Hazard

**SARA Title III – Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

**Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):**

The components in this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

**United States – State Regulations**

## ORGASOL® 3502 D NAT 1

**New Jersey Right to Know**

No components are subject to the New Jersey Right to Know Act.

**Pennsylvania Right to Know**

Chemical name  
Proprietary component

CAS-No.  
Proprietary

**California Prop. 65**

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Chemical name  
Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>)

CAS-No.  
13463-67-7

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

## Miscellaneous:

Other information: Refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

**Latest Revision(s):**

Reference number: 000000027251  
Date of Revision: 11/10/2016  
Date Printed: 11/16/2016

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ORGASOL® 3502 D NAT 1

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