

Safety Data Sheet (SDS):

InCal® 2, InCal® 3, InCal® 5,

InCal® XCD, InCal® 7,

InCal® 11



SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION		
Trade Name: InCal® 2 InCal® 3 InCal® 5 InCal® 7 InCal® XCD InCal® 11	Product Identifier: Ground Calcium Carbonate	Other Synonyms: Ag Lime, Fluxing Agent, Manufactured Sand, Mineral Filler, Ground Calcium Carbonate, Lime Dust, Calcium Carbonate, Calcite, Crushed limestone, GCC

Recommended Use and Restriction on Use:

Construction, Agricultural, Feed for manufacture of fine powders of ground calcium carbonate, pH Adjustment, Functional Additive in plastics, paper, construction materials, food, and pharmaceutical products.

Manufacturer / Supplier Information:

INCOA® Performance Minerals 7730 Deer River Rd Theodore, AL 36582

For additional health, safety and regulatory information call: 1-251-227-8471

SECTION II – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification:

Category 2B – May cause reversible eye irritation after exposure to eyes

Category 2 – Skin Irritant

Signal Word: Warning



Hazard Statements:



Potential Health Effects

Category 2B – May cause reversible eye irritation after exposure to eyes Category 2 – May causes irritation to skin after prolonged exposure.

Potential Environmental Effects

This material is alkaline and will increase the pH of soils or water if released into the environment.

Precautionary Statements

- Do not handle this material until carefully reading and understanding the risks associated with the use of this product.
- Wear respiratory protection following this SDS, NIOSH guidelines and other applicable regulations. Wear eye protection and protective gloves while handling this material.
- Avoid creating dust in use, handling, or storage of this material. Provide adequate ventilation to reduce risk of health effects.
- Do not breathe in dust.
- Do not eat, drink, or smoke while handling this product.
- Thoroughly wash skin and contaminated clothing after all use of this product.
- Dispose of product in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.
- Refer to Section XI for details of specific health effects of Ground Calcium Carbonate.

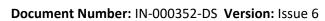
SECTION III – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Ingredient	Chemical Formula	CAS REGISTRY NO	% by weight (approx.)
Calcium Carbonate	CaCO₃	471-34-1	100 %

SECTION IV – FIRST AID MEASURES		
INGESTION	In the case of gastrointestinal discomfort contact emergency personnel services immediately for medical assistance. DO NOT induce vomiting or give anything by mouth unless instructed by a medical professional to do so.	



INHALATION	Remove person from dusty location and into fresh air and keep comfortable. Contact emergency personnel services immediately for medical assistance if breathing is labored. If	
EYES	breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. Rinse copiously and carefully with clean water or eye wash solution for several minutes to remove dust or rock fragments. Pull back eyelid while flushing to ensure that the dust is fully removed from the eyes. Remove contact lenses if possible and contact a medical professional to confirm the removal of all dust or powder from eyes.	
SKIN	Brush off as much of the ground calcium carbonate as possible from the skin and clothing. Wash exposed areas with large quantities of water. If irritation or burning persists, seek medical attention.	
MEDICAL CONDITIONS	Contact may aggravate pre-existing disorders of the respiratory system, the skin, the gastrointestinal tract and eyes.	

SECTION V: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES		
FIRE HAZARDS	Ground calcium carbonate is neither combustible nor flammable. Ground calcium carbonate is not considered to be an explosion hazard.	
SUITABLE EXTINGHUISHING MEDIA	Use fire extinguisher appropriate for the materials involved in the surrounding fire.	
FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS	Keep personnel away from and upwind of fire. Avoid inhalation of dust. Under high temperatures, calcium carbonate releases carbon dioxide. Wear full fire-fighting gear and respiratory protection.	
HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS	Not applicable.	

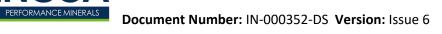


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PERFORMANCE MINERALS

SECTION VI: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
SPILL/LEAK PROCEDURES	Always wear proper personal protective equipment. Keep acids, cleaning fluids and other incompatible materials away from the spill site.	
SMALL SPILLS	Use dry collection methods including filtration vacuuming (with a HEPA filtered vacuum) or shoveling spilled material after wetting with water to reduce dust. Avoid creating dust while removing the spilled material. DO NOT use compressed air to remove material. Collect and store the spilled materials in dry and sealed plastic or plastic lined metal or fiber containers.	
LARGE SPILLS	Use dry collection methods including filtration vacuuming (with a HEPA filtered vacuum) or shoveling spilled material after wetting with water to reduce dust. Remove personnel from downwind regions to reduce the risk of dust exposure. Avoid creating dust while removing the spilled material. DO NOT use compressed air to remove material. Collect and store the spilled materials in dry and sealed plastic or plastic lined metal or fiber containers.	
CONTAINMENT	To contain the impact of the spill, minimize dust generation and install spill dams at sewer or waterway entrance points.	
CLEAN-UP	Residual material can be washed away with large quantities of water. Equipment used during clean up can be washed with a detergent/water solution or a mild vinegar/water solution. Dispose of all collected product in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.	

This product is not subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III Section 313 and 40 CFR 372.

SECTION VII: HANDLING & STORAGE		
HANDLING	Keep in tightly closed plastic or plastic-lined paper or metal containers protected from sources of physical damage. Avoid skin contact and breathing dust.	
STORAGE	Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated location. Do not store near acids, cleaning fluids or other incompatible materials. Keep away from moisture. Store in tightly closed plastic or plastic-lined paper or metal containers.	





SECTION VIII – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION				
Ingredient	OSHA PEL (mg/m³)	Cal/OSHA PEL	NIOSH REL (mg/m³)	ACGIH TLV- TWA (mg/m³)
Ground calcium carbonate	15 (total dust) 5 (respirable)	15 (total dust) 5 (respirable)	10 (total dust) 5 (respirable)	10 (total dust) 5 (respirable)

ENGINEERING CONTROLS	Provide adequate ventilation to maintain PELs.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	Use NIOSH approved respirators when airborne concentration exceeds PELs.
SKIN PROTECTION	Wear appropriate footwear and clothing to prevent skin contact. Clothing should fully cover arms and legs. Wear gloves.
EYE PROTECTION	Use safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.
OTHER	Safety showers and eye wash fountains should be available.

SECTION IX: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
APPEARANCE	Fine white powder	
ODOR	Odorless	
PHYSICAL STATE	Solid	
MELTING POINT (°C/°F)	N/A	
BOILING POINT (°C/°F)	N/A	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (g/mL)	2.2-2.5	
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg)	N/A	
VAPOR DENSITY (g/m³)	N/A	
EVAPORATION RATE	N/A	
pH (@ 25°C/77°F)	8-9	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not readily soluble in water	



SECTION X: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
STABILITY	Chemically stable but will react vigorously with acids to form carbon dioxide gas. Ignites on contact with fluorine gas.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	Ground calcium carbonate decomposes at temperatures at or above 848 °C to form calcium oxide solid and carbon dioxide gas. Calcium oxide solid is water reactive and generates a highly basic solution and heat when exposed to water.	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	N/A	
INCOMPATABILITY / CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Contact with strong oxidizers including boron trifluoride (BF ₃), manganese trifluoride (MnF ₃), oxygen difluoride (OF ₂) and fluorine (F ₂) may cause fire and explosions. Contact with acids generates a vigorous reaction generating heat and carbon dioxide gas.	

SECTION XI: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
PRIMARY ROUTES OFInhalationSkinIngestion	EXPOSURE:	
Acute Toxicity	Not classified	
Skin Corrosion/ Irritation	Not classified	
Critical Eye Damage / Irritation	May cause eye injury due to abrasion of eye and mechanical irritation.	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	Not classified	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	Not classified	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Not classified	
Aspiration Hazard	Not classified	



Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause lung irritation and rhinitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion of small quantities of ground calcium carbonate is not known to be harmful however large quantities can cause intestinal distress.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation and dryness.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Airborne dust in the eyes may create immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation. Eye exposure requires immediate medical attention to prevent permanent eye damage.

SECTION XII: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
ECOTOXICITY	Ground calcium carbonate creates an elevated pH when dissolved in water. Its introduction into natural waters may create ecotoxic conditions to some marine organisms and plant life.	
ENVIRONMENTAL FATE	Ground calcium carbonate is not known to bioaccumulate nor does it create food chain toxicity.	

SECTION XIII: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of ground calcium carbonate as directed by local, state and federal laws and regulations. Unmixed with other components, ground calcium carbonate does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste as legislated under the U.S. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

SECTION XIV: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Ground calcium carbonate is not classified as a hazardous material by the US DOT and is not regulated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) act when shipped by any transportation mode.



SECTIO	SECTION XV: REGULATORY INFORMATION		
U.S. EPA Regulations	RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261): NOT LISTED RCRA Hazardous Waste Number (40 CFR 261.33): NOT CLASSIFIED CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4): UNLISTED SPECIFIC PER RCRA, Sec.3001; CWA, Sec. 311(b)(4); CWA, Sec 307(a), CAA Sec. 112 CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ): NOT LISTED SARA 311/312 Codes: NOT LISTED SARA Toxic Chemical (40 CFR 372.65): NOT LISTED SARA EHS (40 CFR 355): NOT LISTED SARA TPQ: NOT LISTED All ingredients listed on the US EPA TSCA Inventory List		
OSHA Regulations	Air Contaminant (29 CFR 1910.1000), Table Z-1, Z-1-A: Respirable - 5 mg/m³ TWA-8 OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910): NOT LISTED		
State Regulations	Some components found in this product may contain trace levels of elements such as lead, arsenic and cadmium that are regulated under California Proposition 65 and other state's regulations.		
Canada	WHMIS Classification: NOT CLASSIFIED Canada DSL: LISTED Canada NDSL: NOT LISTED		

SECTION XVI: OTHER INFORMATION		
PREPARED BY	INCOA® Performance Minerals 2755 East Cottonwood Pkwy Suite 400 Salt Lake City, UT 84121	
DATE PREPARED	June 1, 2022	



NFPA HAZARD CLASS	Health:1 Flammability:0 Reactivity:0
HMIS HAZARD CLASS	Health:1 Flammability:0 Reactivity:0 Specific Hazard:ALK
ABBREVIATIONS	CERCLA – Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act CFR – Code of Federal Regulations DOT – Department of Transportation EPA – Environmental Protection Agency FDA – Food and Drug Administration IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer N/A – Not Applicable OEL – Occupation Exposure Limit OSHA – Occupational Safety Health Administration PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act REL – Reference Exposure Level SARA – Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act TLV – Threshold Limit Value TWA – Time Weighted Average