

RILSAN® ROTO 11 BLACK POWDER**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION****Company**

Arkema Inc.
900 First Avenue
King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406

Specialty Polyamides

Customer Service Telephone Number: (800) 932-0420
(Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM EST)

Emergency Information

Transportation: CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300
(24 hrs., 7 days a week)
Medical: Rocky Mountain Poison Center: (866) 767-5089
(24 hrs., 7 days a week)

Product Information

Product name: RILSAN® ROTO 11 BLACK POWDER
Synonyms: Not available
Molecular formula: Not applicable
Chemical family: polyamide
Product use: Powder coating

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Emergency Overview**

Color: black
Physical state: solid
Form: powder
Odor: odourless

***Classification of the substance or mixture:**
See Supplemental Hazard Statements below.

GHS-Labeling

Signal word: **Warning**

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Hazard statements:

This material is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard criteria, based on hazard(s) not otherwise classified.

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Processing may release vapors and/or fumes which cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation.

Supplemental information:

Potential Health Effects:

The product, in the form supplied, is not anticipated to produce significant adverse human health effects. Contains high molecular weight polymer(s). Effects due to processing releases: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: headache, drowsiness, nausea, weakness, (severity of effects depends on extent of exposure).

Other:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. (powder) Mechanical irritation effects from dust exposure are possible at ambient temperature. This product may release fume and/or vapor of variable composition depending on processing time and temperature.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt/Wt	GHS Classification**
Undecanoic acid, 11-amino-, homopolymer	25587-80-8	94.1551 %	Not classified
Benzenesulfonamide, N-butyl-	3622-84-2	3.6434 %	H412

**For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures:**Inhalation:**

If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air.

Skin:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. If molten polymer gets on the skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not peel solidified product off the skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burns. Remove material from clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Eyes:

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burns.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

For most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed), see Section 2 (Hazard Statements and Supplemental Information if applicable) and Section 11 (Toxicology Information) of this SDS.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Unless otherwise noted in Notes to Physician, no specific treatment noted; treat symptomatically.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**Extinguishing media (suitable):**

Water spray, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam

Extinguishing media (unsuitable):

High volume water jet

Protective equipment:

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full fire fighting turn out gear (full Bunker Gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

Further firefighting advice:

Do not use a solid stream of water.

A solid stream of water can cause a dust explosion.

Fire fighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Fire and explosion hazards:

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Dust clouds generated during handling and/or storage can form explosive mixtures with air. Dust explosion characteristics vary with the particle size, particle shape, moisture content, contaminants, and other variables. Note: Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. As with any dry material, pouring this material or allowing it to free-fall or to be conveyed through chutes or pipes can accumulate and generate electrostatic sparks, potentially causing ignition of the material itself, or of any flammable materials which may come into contact with the material or its container.

When burned, the following hazardous products of combustion can occur:

Carbon oxides

Hazardous organic compounds

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)
(traces)

Sulphur oxides

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal precautions, Emergency procedures, Methods and materials for containment/clean-up:**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Ventilate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid dust formation and dispersal of dust in the air. Wet down (dampen) the spilled material with water. Sweep or scoop up using non-sparking tools and place into suitable properly labeled containers for prompt disposal. The sweepings should be wetted down further with water. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Implement workplace practices such that dusts are not allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.

Protective equipment:

Appropriate personal protective equipment is set forth in Section 8.

RILSAN® ROTO 11 BLACK POWDER**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE****Handling****General information on handling:**

Avoid breathing dust.
Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors.
Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.
Keep container closed.
Avoid creating dust in handling, transfer or clean up.
Prevent dust accumulation.
Implement routine housekeeping practices to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.
Check that all equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements.
Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations.
Container hazardous when empty.
Follow label warnings even after container is emptied.
RESIDUAL DUSTS MAY EXPLODE ON IGNITION.
DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER.
Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and/or illegal.
Emptied container retains product residue.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include avoiding unnecessary exposure and removal of material from eyes, skin, and clothing.

Storage**General information on storage conditions:**

Keep in a dry, cool place. Store in closed containers, in a secure area to prevent container damage and subsequent spillage. Store away from moisture and heat to maintain the technical properties of the product. Store in well ventilated area away from heat and sources of ignition such as flame, sparks and static electricity. Ensure that all storage and handling equipment is properly grounded and installed to satisfy electrical classification requirements. Static electricity may accumulate when transferring material. All metal and groundable storage containers, including but not limited to drums, cylinders, Returnable Intermodal Bulk Containers (RIBCs) and Class C Flexible Intermodal Bulk Containers (FIBCs) must be bonded and grounded during filling and emptying operations. Observe all federal, state and local regulations and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Codes, which pertain to the specific local conditions of storage and use, including NFPA 654.

Storage stability – Remarks:

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Storage incompatibility – General:

None known.

Temperature tolerance – Do not store above:

140 °F (60 °C)

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Airborne Exposure Guidelines:

Particles Not Otherwise Specified / Nuisance Dust (Proprietary)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Form:	Respirable particles.
Time weighted average	3 mg/m ³
Form:	Inhalable particles.
Time weighted average	10 mg/m ³

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form:	Respirable fraction.
Time weighted average	15millions of particles per cubic foot of air

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form:	Total dust
Time weighted average	50millions of particles per cubic foot of air

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form:	Respirable fraction.
Time weighted average	5 mg/m ³

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Form:	Total dust
Time weighted average	15 mg/m ³

Only those components with exposure limits are printed in this section. Limits with skin contact designation above have skin contact effect. Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required. Limits with a sensitizer designation above mean that exposure to this material may cause allergic reactions.

Engineering controls:

Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures below airborne exposure limits or to otherwise reduce exposures. Provide ventilation if necessary to minimize exposures or to control exposure levels to below airborne exposure limits (if applicable see above). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment.

Check that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation, material transport systems, and air-

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material separation devices involved in handling this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. Isolation devices may be appropriate to prevent propagation from one unit to another. Ensure that dust-handling systems are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Consult ACGIH ventilation manual, NFPA Standard 91 and NFPA Standard 654 for design of exhaust system and safe handling.

Respiratory protection:

Avoid breathing dust. Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors. Where airborne exposure is likely or airborne exposure limits are exceeded (if applicable, see above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components and substances released during processing. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

Skin protection:

Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause skin irritation. Minimize skin contamination by following good industrial hygiene practice. Wearing protective gloves is recommended. Wash hands and contaminated skin thoroughly after contact with processing fumes or vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Eye protection:

Use good industrial practice to avoid eye contact. Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause eye irritation. Where eye contact may be likely, wear chemical goggles and have eye flushing equipment available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
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Color:	black
Physical state:	solid
Form:	powder
Odor:	odourless
Odor threshold:	No data available
Flash point	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature:	788 - 842 °F (420 - 450 °C) (Method: Standard ASTM D 1929-77 (B))
Lower flammable limit (LFL):	30 g/m3
Upper flammable limit (UFL):	No data available
pH:	No data available

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Density:	No data available
Specific Gravity (Relative density):	No data available
Bulk density:	400 - 600 kg/m ³ 68 °F (20 °C)
Boiling point/boiling range:	No data available
Melting point/range:	347 - 374 °F (175 - 190 °C)
Freezing point:	No data available
Evaporation rate:	No data available
Solubility in water:	68 °F (20 °C) insoluble
Viscosity, dynamic:	No data available
Particle size:	20 - 100 µm
Oil/water partition coefficient:	(No data available)
Thermal decomposition:	662 °F (350 °C)
Gross calorific value	35,000 KJ/kg (Method: Standard NF M 03005)
Flammability:	See GHS Classification in Section 2 if applicable
Minimum ignition energy:	25 mJ

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

This material is chemically stable under normal and anticipated storage, handling and processing conditions.

Hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Materials to avoid:

None known.

Conditions / hazards to avoid:

Store protected from moisture and heat. (to maintain the technical properties of the product). See Hazardous Decomposition Products below.

Hazardous decomposition products:

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Thermal decomposition giving toxic, flammable, and / or corrosive products:

- Carbon oxides
- Ammonia
- Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid) (traces)
- Hazardous organic compounds
- Amine derivatives
- Sulphur oxides

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Oral:

Acute toxicity estimate > 5,000 mg/kg.

Data for Undecanoic acid, 11-amino-, homopolymer (25587-80-8)

Acute toxicity

Oral:

No deaths occurred. (rat) LD0 > 2,000 mg/kg.

Dermal:

No deaths occurred. (rat) LD0 > 2,000 mg/kg.

Skin Irritation:

Not irritating. (In vitro)

Eye Irritation:

Not corrosive (Bovine cornea)

Skin Sensitization:

Not a sensitizer. LLNA: Local Lymph Node Assay. (Mouse) No skin allergy was observed.

Repeated dose toxicity

Subchronic dietary administration to rat, dog / No adverse systemic effects reported.

Genotoxicity

Assessment in Vitro:

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria

Other information

The information presented is from representative materials with this Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) Registry number. The results vary depending on the size and composition of the test substance.

Data for Benzenesulfonamide, N-butyl- (3622-84-2)

Acute toxicity

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Oral:

May be harmful if swallowed. (rat) LD50 = 2,070 mg/kg.

Dermal:

No deaths occurred. (rat) LD0 > 2,000 mg/kg.

Inhalation:

No deaths occurred. (rat) 4 h LC0 > 4.1 mg/l. (dust/mist)

Skin Irritation:

Not irritating. (rabbit) (4 h)

Eye Irritation:

Not irritating. (rabbit)

Skin Sensitization:

Not a sensitizer. LLNA: Local Lymph Node Assay. (mouse) No skin allergy was observed.

Repeated dose toxicity

Repeated oral administration to rat / affected organ(s): Thymus, liver / signs: changes in organ structure or function / (Repeated exposure at high concentrations)

Repeated oral administration to rat / affected organ(s): kidney / signs: hyaline droplet nephropathy / (not considered relevant in humans)

Repeated dermal administration to rat / No adverse systemic effects reported.

Genotoxicity

Assessment in Vitro:

No genetic changes were observed in laboratory tests using: bacteria, human cells, animal cells

Developmental toxicity

Exposure during pregnancy. Oral (rat) / No birth defects were observed.

Reproductive effects

Reproductive/Developmental Effects Screening Assay. Oral (rat) / Testicular toxicity

At high dose : decreased fertility / (toxic effects also observed in the parental animals at these doses)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Chemical Fate and Pathway

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Data for Benzenesulfonamide, N-butyl- (3622-84-2)

Biodegradation:

Not readily biodegradable. (28 d) biodegradation 18 %

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Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:

log Pow: = 2.01 (Method: measured)

Ecotoxicology

Data on this material and/or its components are summarized below.

Data for Benzenesulfonamide, N-butyl- (3622-84-2)

Aquatic toxicity data:

Harmful. Danio rerio (zebra fish) 96 h LC50 = 36.7 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates:

Harmful. Daphnia magna (Water flea) 48 h EC50 = 56 mg/l

Algae:

Harmful. Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) 72 h ErC50 = 83 mg/l

Microorganisms:

Respiration inhibition / Activated sludge 3 h EC50 > 6,000 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic plants:

Practically nontoxic. Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 72 h ErC10 = 20 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal:

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not an option, incinerate or dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Pigmented, filled and/or solvent laden product may require special disposal practices in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation (DOT): not regulated

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG): not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventory Status

United States TSCA Inventory

TSCA

The components of this product are all on the TSCA Inventory.

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Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	DSL	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	IECSC (CN)	Conforms to
Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory	ENCS (JP)	Conforms to
Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances	ISHL (JP)	Conforms to
Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	KECI (KR)	Conforms to
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	PICCS (PH)	Conforms to
Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	AICS	Conforms to

United States – Federal Regulations

SARA Title III – Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

SARA Title III - Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard

SARA Title III – Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantity (RQ):

The components in this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

United States – State Regulations

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New Jersey Right to Know

No components are subject to the New Jersey Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right to Know

<u>Chemical name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Undecanoic acid, 11-amino-, homopolymer	25587-80-8
Benzenesulfonamide, N-butyl-	3622-84-2
Octadecanoic acid, zinc salt	557-05-1

Pennsylvania Right to Know – Environmentally Hazardous Substance(s)

<u>Chemical name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Octadecanoic acid, zinc salt	557-05-1

California Prop. 65

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

<u>Chemical name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Carbon black	1333-86-4

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Miscellaneous:

Other information: Refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

Latest Revision(s):

Reference number: 200014000
 Date of Revision: 03/12/2021
 Date Printed: 03/13/2021

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Arkema has implemented a Medical Policy regarding the use of Arkema products in Medical Devices applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids (<http://www.arkema.com/en/social-responsibility/responsible-product-management/medical-device-policy/index.html>) Arkema has designated Medical grades to be used for such Medical Device applications. Products that have not been designated as Medical grades are not authorized by Arkema for use in Medical Device applications that are in contact with the body or circulating bodily fluids. In addition, Arkema strictly prohibits the use of any Arkema products in Medical Device applications that are implanted in the body or in contact with bodily fluids or tissues for greater than 30 days. The Arkema trademarks and the Arkema name shall not be used in conjunction with customers' medical devices, including without limitation, permanent or temporary implantable devices, and customers shall not represent to anyone else, that Arkema allows, endorses or permits the use of Arkema products in such medical devices.

It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to determine the suitability (including biocompatibility) of all raw materials, products and components, including any medical grade Arkema products, in order to ensure that the final end-use product is safe for its end use; performs or functions as intended; and complies with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements (FDA or other national drug agencies) It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the medical device to conduct all necessary tests and inspections and to evaluate the medical device under actual end-use requirements and to adequately advise and warn purchasers, users, and/or learned intermediaries (such as physicians) of pertinent risks and fulfill any postmarket surveillance obligations. Any decision regarding the appropriateness of a particular Arkema material in a particular medical device should be based on the judgment of the manufacturer, seller, the competent authority, and the treating physician.