

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Identification of the substance Ethyl 3-(2,4-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)propanoate

CAS number 5413-49-0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Solvent

Coating and paint Paint thinner Paint remover

Washing and cleaning product

Industrial use Professional use Consumer use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GFBiochemicals SAS

Technopôle de l'Arbois (Bâtiment Le Martel)

Avenue Louis Philibert 13100 Aix-en-Provence

France

Telephone: +33 413 418 845 e-mail: info@gfbiochemicals.com

e-mail (competent person) info@gfbiochemicals.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison center

Country	Name	Telephone
United States	Poison Control National Capital Poison Center	1-800-222-1222

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

signal wordpictogramsNot required.

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified

May be harmful in contact with skin (GHS category 5: acutely toxic - dermal).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of \geq 0.1%.

United States: en Page: 1 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Ethyl 3-(2,4-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)propanoate

Identifiers

CAS No 5413-49-0 Purity 100% Molecular formula C10H1804 Molar mass 202.25 $^9/_{mol}$

Structural formula

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For specialist advice physicians should contact the poison centre.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray; Alcohol resistant foam; Dry extinguishing powder; Carbon dioxide (CO2); Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

During fire hazardous fumes/smoke could be produced. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

United States: en Page: 2 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Standard protective clothing for firefighters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety. Ventilate affected area.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- flammability hazards

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

- incompatible substances or mixtures

Keep away from alkalis, oxidising substances, acids.

United States: en Page: 3 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

High temperatures. UV-radiation/sunlight.

Consideration of other advice

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

- packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Solvent. Coating and paint. Paint thinner. Paint remover. Washing and cleaning product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

No information available.

Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels

Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	16.33 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	4.67 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	2.5 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	1.67 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	1.67 mg/kg bw/ day	human, oral	consumer (private households)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels

Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compart- ment	Exposure time
PNEC	0.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.01 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.908 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.091 ^{mg} /kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels

Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compart- ment	Exposure time
PNEC	0.122 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

United States: en Page: 4 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation. Provide eyewash stations and safety showers at the workplace.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection

Skin protection



Chemical protective clothing.

Hand protection



Wear suitable gloves. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

- type of material

IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber

- breakthrough time of the glove material

Use gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of the glove material: >10 minutes (permeation: level 1).

- other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Type : A (against organic gases and vapors with a boiling point of > 65 °C , color code: Brown). Observe the OSHA respirator regulations cited in 29 CFR 1910.134 and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators.

Environmental exposure controls

Take appropriate precautions to avoid uncontrolled release into the environment. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	colorless to very pale yellow
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	characteristic

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	< -60 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	225.2 °C

United States: en Page: 5 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

Flash point	> 93.3 °C
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
Explosive limits	LEL: UEL: not determined
Vapor pressure	0.0039 kPa at 20 °C
Density	1.03 ⁹ / _{ml} at 23.9 °C
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	information on this property is not available

Solubility

- water solubility	31.22 ⁹ / _l at 20 °C
- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1.38 at 20 °C
- soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	1.35
Auto-ignition temperature	353 °C
Decomposition temperature	no data available

Viscosity

- dynamic viscosity	3.52 mPa s at 24 °C
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other information

Surface tension	31.03 ^{dyn} / _{cm} (72 °F, 22.2 °C)
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

United States: en Page: 6 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

10.5 Incompatible materials

Acids. Bases. Oxidizers.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

1.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity				
Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	
oral	LD50	> 5,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	
dermal	LD50	> 2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin. (OECD Guideline 439)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant. (OECD Guidelines 437 & 492)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

United States: en Page: 7 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
LC50	> 100 ^{mg} / _I	fish	96 h
EC50	447 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
EC50	> 1,000 ^{mg} / _I	microorganisms	3 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

Not readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability

Process	Degradation rate	Time
carbon dioxide generation	72.96%	28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	1.38 at 20 °C
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12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	1.35
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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

United States: en Page: 8 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN number not assigned

14.2 **UN proper shipping name** not relevant

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) none

14.4 Packing group not assigned

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations 14.5 **Environmental hazards**

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments 14.7

No data available.

Additional information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) substance is listed (ACTIVE)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

Not listed.

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Not listed.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4) Not listed.

Clean Air Act

Not listed.

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Type of registra- tion	Basis for listing	Threshold quantity (lbs)
not listed	5413-49-0			

United States: en Page: 9 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK) Not listed.
- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA) Not listed.
- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK) Not listed.
- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK) Not listed.
- Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)
 Not listed.
- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)
 Not listed.

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Not listed.

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	0	no significant risk to health
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	0	material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

United States: en Page: 10 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

RE:CHEMISTRY CLEAN300

Version number: 1.1 Date of compilation: 2024-03-07

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Version number 1.0: February 28, 2024. Version number 1.1: March 7, 2024.

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)
3.1	(v1.0) Purity: >= 98.00%	(v1.1) Purity: 100%

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
	•
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United States: en Page: 11 / 11