

**Date Prepared:** 08/25/2018

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: EBECRYL® 885 radiation curing resins

Synonyms: None

Product Description: Mixture of acrylated resin and triethyleneglycol diacrylate

Molecular Formula: Mixture Molecular Weight: Mixture

Intended/Recommended Use: Coatings & Inks

Allnex USA Inc., 9005 Westside Parkway, Alpharetta, Georgia 30009, USA For Product and all Non-Emergency Information call your local Allnex contact point or contact us at http://www.allnex.com/contact

EMERGENCY PHONE (24 hours/day) - For emergency only involving spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident

+1-866-928-0789 (toll free) or +1-215-207-0061 (Carechem 24 - Allnex29003-NCEC) See Section 16 for Emergency phone numbers for other regions.

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### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **GHS Classification**

Reproductive Toxicant Hazard Category 2 Skin Corrosion / Irritation Hazard Category 2 Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation Hazard Category 2A Skin Sensitizer Hazard Category 1B Aquatic Environment Acute Hazard Category 3 Aquatic Environment Chronic Hazard Category 3

## **LABEL ELEMENTS**



# Signal Word WARNING

### **Hazard Statements**

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction

Harmful to aquatic life

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## **Precautionary Statements**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Avoid release to the environment.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local and national regulations.

### Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC), Other Hazards

Polymerization may occur from excessive heat, contamination or exposure to direct sunlight.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## **HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

Component / CAS No.	%	GHS Classification	Carcinogen
Triethylene glycol diacrylate 1680-21-3	< 5	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	-
		Eye Irrit. 2A (H319)	
		Skin Sens. 1B (H317)	
Acrylic acid	< 0.5	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)	-
79-10-7		Acute Tox. 4 (H302)	
		Acute Tox. 4 (H312)	
		Acute Tox. 4 (H332)	
		STOT Single 3 (H335)	
		Skin Corr. 1A (H314)	
		Eye Dam. 1 (H318)	
		Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)	
		Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)	
4-Methoxyphenol	< 0.28	Repr. 2 (H361d)	-
150-76-5		Acute Tox. 4 (H302)	
		Skin Irrit. 3 (H316)	
		Eye Irrit. 2A (H319)	
		Skin Sens. 1B (H317)	
		Aquatic Acute 2 (H401)	
		Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)	
Toluene	< 0.5	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	-
108-88-3		Repr. 2 (H361)	
		STOT RE 2 (H373)	
		STOT SE 3 (H336)	
		Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	
		Eye Irrit. 2B (H320)	
		Asp. Tox. 1 (H304)	
Acrylated resin -	93 - 97	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	-
		Eye Irrit. 2A (H319)	

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition for one or more ingredients has been withheld as a trade secret.

SDS: 0018438

Additional GHS classification or other information may be included in this section but has not been adopted by OSHA. See Section 16 for full text of H phrases.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **First-aid Measures**

### Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

### **Skin Contact:**

Wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes without delay. Obtain medical attention. Do not reuse contaminated clothing without laundering. Destroy or thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

## **Eye Contact:**

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

### Ingestion:

If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

None known.

## **Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment**

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

# **Notes To Physician:**

No specific measures have been identified.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Use water spray or fog, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.

# **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:**

high pressure water jet.

#### **Protective Equipment:**

Firefighters, and others exposed, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full firefighting protective clothing. See SDS Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

### Special Hazards:

Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions:

Where exposure level is not known, wear approved, positive pressure, self-contained respirator. Where exposure level is known, wear approved respirator suitable for level of exposure. In addition to the protective clothing/equipment

in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection), wear impermeable boots.

## **Methods For Cleaning Up:**

Cover spills with some inert absorbent material; sweep up and place in a waste disposal container. Flush spill area with water.

## **Environmental Precautions:**

Avoid release to the environment.

#### References to other sections:

See Sections 7, 8 and 13 for additional information.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **HANDLING**

**Precautions:** Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

**Special Handling Statements:** Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). This material contains a small amount of flammable or combustible liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Avoid excessive heat, contamination or exposure to direct sunlight to prevent polymerization.

#### **STORAGE**

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place and keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat sources and direct sunlight. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Prevent unauthorised access. Storage in stainless steel, amber glass, amber polyethylene or baked phenolic lined container.

Storage Temperature: Store at 4 - 40 °C 39.2 - 104 °F

Reason: Safety.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Engineering Measures:**

Where this material is not used in a closed system, good enclosure and local exhaust ventilation should be provided to control exposure when spraying or curing at elevated temperatures.

## **Respiratory Protection:**

For operations where inhalation exposure can occur use an approved respirator. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective respiratory equipment may be used based on user's own risk assessment. Recommended respirators include those certified by NIOSH.

### Recommended:

Full Face Mask with organic vapor cartridge, Type A filter (BP >65°C)

#### **Eve Protection:**

Wear eye/face protection such as chemical splash proof goggles or face shield. Eyewash equipment and safety shower should be provided in areas of potential exposure.

## **Skin Protection:**

Avoid skin contact. Wear impermeable gloves and suitable protective clothing. Barrier creams may be used in conjunction with the gloves to provide additional skin protection.

### **Hand Protection:**

Wear protective gloves. Recommendations are listed below. Other protective materials may be used based on user's own risk assessment. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Replace gloves immediately when torn or any change in appearance (dimension, color, flexibility etc.) is noticed.

Gloves for repeated or prolonged exposure - non exhaustive list:

Nitrile rubber (NBR), thickness: > 0.56 mm, break through time: up to 480 min

Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection - non exhaustive list:

Nitrile rubber (NBR), thickness: 0.1 mm, break through time: up to 30 min

The chemical resistance depends on the type of product and amount of product on the glove. Therefore gloves need to be changed when in contact with chemicals.

Not suitable gloves - non exhaustive list:

Latex gloves

Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing. Use PE gloves as under gloves for difficult situations like for instance: high exposure, unknown composition or unknown properties of the chemicals.

## **Additional Advice:**

Food, beverages, and tobacco products should not be carried, stored, or consumed where this material is in use. Before eating, drinking, or smoking, wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water. It is recommended that a shower be taken after completion of workshift especially if significant contact has occurred. Work clothing should then be laundered prior to reuse. Street clothing should be stored separately from work clothing and protective equipment. Work clothing and shoes should not be taken home.

# **Exposure Limit(s)**

79-10-7 Acrylic acid

OSHA (PEL): Not established

ACGIH (TLV): (skin)

2 ppm (TWA)

Other Value: 1 ppm skin (Allnex)

150-76-5 4-Methoxyphenol

OSHA (PEL):

ACGIH (TLV):

Other Value:

Not established

5 mg/m³ (TWA)

Not established

108-88-3 Toluene

OSHA (PEL): 200 ppm (TWA)

300 ppm (Ceiling)

ACGIH (TLV): 20 ppm (TWA)
Other Value: Not established

# **Biological Exposure Limit(s)**

Toluene 108-88-3

Biological Exposure Indices 0.02 mg/L (blood - prior to last shift of workweek)

(ACGIH) 0.03 mg/L (urine - end of shift)

0.3 mg/g creatinine (urine - end of shift)

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Color:** yellowish **Appearance:** liquid

Odor:ester acrylateBoiling Point:> 100 °CMelting Point:Not availableVapor Pressure:Not availableSpecific Gravity/Density:1.19 g/cm³

**Volatile Organic Content:** 

SDS: 0018438

Date Prepared: 08/25/2018

Not available Vapor Density: Percent Volatile (% by wt.): < 0.5 % Not available pH: Not available Saturation In Air (% By Vol.): **Evaporation Rate:** Not available **Solubility In Water:** Not available

Flash Point: > 110 °C 230 °F Setaflash Closed Cup

Not available

Flammable Limits (% By Vol): Not applicable **Autoignition Temperature:** Not available **Decomposition Temperature:** Not available **Partition coefficient** Not available

(n-octanol/water):

Not available **Odor Threshold:** Not available Viscosity (Kinematic):

Very highly viscous liquid Viscosity (Dynamic):

**Explosive Properties:** None.

Not available Oxidizing Properties:

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No information available

Stability: Stable.

**Conditions To Avoid:** Avoid temperatures higher than 60°C. Avoid friction with temperature increase as

result. Avoid exposure to strong UV sources. Avoid direct contact with heat

sources.

Polymerization: May occur

**Conditions To Avoid:** Uncontrolled polymerization may cause rapid evolution of heat and increase in

pressure that could result in violent rupture of sealed storage vessels or

containers. Hazardous polymerization can occur when exposed to direct sunlight.

Hazardous exothermic polymerization can occur when heated.

Materials To Avoid: Avoid contact with peroxides.

> Avoid free radical producing initiators. Avoid contact with strong acids and alkali"s.

Avoid contact with reactive metals.

They give an exothermic reaction with the product. Unintentional contact with them should be avoided.

Hazardous polymerization may occur.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

oxides of carbon smoke

**Products:** 

hvdrocarbons

soot

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin, Eyes, Oral.

Acute toxicity - oral: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification

criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the

classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the

Date Prepared: 08/25/2018

classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion / irritation: Causes skin irritation

Serious eye damage / eye irritation: Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory sensitization: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the

classification criteria are not met.

**Skin sensitization:** May cause an allergic skin reaction

Carcinogenicity: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification

criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the

classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:** Not Classified. **-** Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure:** Not Classified. **-** Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration hazard:** Not Classified - Based on available data and/or professional judgment, the classification criteria are not met.

# PRODUCT TOXICITY INFORMATION

## **ACUTE TOXICITY DATA**

oral	rat	Acute LD50	> 2000 mg/kg
dermal	rabbit	Acute LD50	> 2000 mg/kg
inhalation	rat	Acute LC50 4 hr	> 5 mg/l (Dust/Mist)

## **LOCAL EFFECTS ON SKIN AND EYE**

Acute Irritation Skin rabbit Irritating
Acute Irritation eye rabbit Irritating

**ALLERGIC SENSITIZATION** 

Sensitization Skin Sensitizing
Sensitization respiratory No data

#### **GENOTOXICITY**

**Assays for Gene Mutations** 

Ames Salmonella Assay No data

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The product toxicity information above has been estimated.

The toxicological properties of this material have not been fully determined.

Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms such as redness, blistering, dermatitis, etc.

The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

The toxicological properties of 2,2"-(ethylenedioxy) diethyl diacrylate (CAS 1680-21-3) have not been fully investigated. Irritating to eyes and skin. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Acrylic acid has acute oral (rat) LD50, acute dermal (rabbit) LD50, and acute inhalation (rat, 4-hr, vapor) LC50 values of 617-1405 mg/kg, >2000 mg/kg, and >1730 ppm (>5.1 mg/L), respectively. Direct contact may cause severe eye irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision and even blindness. Chemical burns may occur. Vapors may also cause severe eye irritation. Skin contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, blistering and tissue damage. Inhalation overexposure may cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract. Repeated overexposures may have effects on the kidney. Acrylic acid did not cause cancer when given to rats in their drinking water throughout their lifetime. No skin tumors occurred in mice receiving repeated skin applications of acrylic acid at nonirritating doses. A slight, not statistically significant increase in skin tumors reported in another study is difficult to interpret due to the low incidence and conflicting information regarding dose. This substance has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother but has not been found to cause birth defects in laboratory animals. In laboratory animal studies with acrylic acid, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals. The results of in vitro genetic toxicity studies are predominantly negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies are negative (not mutagenic).

4-Methoxyphenol has an oral LD50 of 1630 mg/Kg (rat), and a dermal LD50 of > 2000 mg/Kg (rat). Suspect skin sensitizer (quinea pig). 4-Methoxyphenol is a moderate to severe eve irritant and a slight skin irritant. Ingestion causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea and vomiting and possibly ulceration. Overexposure (ingestion/inhalation) can cause methemoglobinemia with cyanosis, as well as central nervous system (CNS) depression, with symptoms ranging from headache, and confusion, to coma, and respiratory failure. 4-Methoxyphenol may be absorbed through skin, causing symptoms similar to ingestion/inhalation exposure routes. In vitro testing hasn't revealed genotoxic effects. This was confirmed by an in vivo clastogenicity study. No increase in tumour incidence was observed in several carcinogenicity assays. 4-Methoxyphenol has induced teratogenic effects in oral (gavage) prenatal toxicity studies.

Toluene has acute oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of 4,328 mg/kg and 12124 mg/kg, respectively. The acute 4-hour inhalation (rat, female) LC50 value is 5,060 ppm (19.07 mg/L). Toluene is a severe eye and moderate skin irritant. Inhalation overexposure to toluene vapor can cause headache, fatique, nausea, and central nervous system depression. Sustained inhalation of high levels of toluene has been shown to cause reversible kidney and liver damage. Subchronic inhalation of toluene vapors have caused permanent hearing loss, decreased learning capabilities and damage to the eyes in laboratory animal tests. Deliberate inhalation of high concentrations of toluene vapor by pregnant women has been shown to adversely affect the fetus. These fetotoxic effects include intrauterine growth retardation and delayed postnatal development. The fetotoxic effects of toluene seen in laboratory animals are similar to those seen in humans. Ingestion of toluene in laboratory animals caused mild gastritis and harmful effects on the respiratory system, kidneys, liver and heart. Ingestion in laboratory animals also caused harmful effects on the central nervous system and death. It has also been reported that subchronic ingestion of toluene caused brain and bladder damage in laboratory animals. Due to synergistic effects, the toxicity of toluene may be enhanced by exposure to n-hexane, benzene, xylene, acetylsalicylic acid and chlorinated hydrocarbons. The literature reports that toluene is an aspiration hazard, that acute oral exposure resulted in reversible visual dysfunction, and that chronic exposure has caused altered immune function in animals. Toluene is a chemical known to the State of California to cause reproductive toxicity.

The toxicological properties of acrylated resin have not been fully investigated. Direct contact with this material causes moderate eye and skin irritation.



**MARNING:** Reproductive Harm – www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY, PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY, BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL, MOBILITY IN SOIL. **OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS** 

Overall Environmental Toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The ecological assessment for this material is based on an evaluation of its components.

# RESULTS OF PBT AND vPvB ASSESSMENT

Not determined

# **HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA**

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Fish
Triethylene glycol diacrylate (1680-21-3)	Not available
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)	LC50 = 222 mg/L - Brachydanio rerio (96h)
4-Methoxyphenol (150-76-5)	LC50 = 28.5 mg/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96hrs) LC50 = 84.3 mg/L - Pimephales promelas (96hrs)
Toluene (108-88-3)	LC50 = 54 mg/L - Oryzias latipes (96h) LC50 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L - Pimephales promelas (96h) LC50 = 12.6 mg/L - Pimephales promelas (96h) LC50 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h) LC50 = 28.2 mg/L - Poecilia reticulata (96h) LC50 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L - Lepomis macrochirus (96h) LC50 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L - Poecilia reticulata (96h) LC50 = 5.8 mg/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h) LC50 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h)
Acrylated resin (-)	Not available

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Water Flea
Triethylene glycol diacrylate (1680-21-3)	Not available
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)	EC50 = 95 mg/L - Daphnia magna (48h) LC50 = 270 mg/L - Daphnia magna (24h)
4-Methoxyphenol (150-76-5)	EC50 = 3 mg/L - Daphnia magna (48hrs) NOEC = 1.32 mg/L - Daphnia magna (48hrs)
Toluene (108-88-3)	EC50 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L - Daphnia magna (48h) EC50 = 11.5 mg/L - Daphnia magna (48h)
Acrylated resin (-)	Not available

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Algae
Triethylene glycol diacrylate (1680-21-3)	Not available
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)	EC50 = 0.17 mg/L - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (96h) EC50 = 0.04 mg/L - Desmodesmus subspicatus (72h)
4-Methoxyphenol (150-76-5)	EC50 = 54.7 mg/L - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata (72hrs)
Toluene (108-88-3)	EC50 = 12.5 mg/L - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (72h) EC50 > 433 mg/L - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

	(96h)
Acrylated resin (-)	Not available

Component / CAS No.	Partition coefficient
Triethylene glycol diacrylate	Not available
(1680-21-3)	
Acrylic acid (79-10-7)	0.38 - 0.46
4-Methoxyphenol (150-76-5)	1.3
Toluene (108-88-3)	2.7
Acrylated resin (-)	Not available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The information on RCRA waste classification and disposal methodology provided below applies only to the product, as supplied. If the material has been altered or contaminated, or it has exceeded its recommended shelf life, the guidance may be inapplicable. Hazardous waste classification under federal regulations (40 CFR Part 261 et seq) is dependent upon whether a material is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste" or has any of the four RCRA "hazardous waste characteristics." Refer to 40 CFR Part 261.33 to determine if a given material to be disposed of is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste"; information contained in Section 15 of this SDS is not intended to indicate if the product is a "listed hazardous waste." RCRA Hazardous Waste Characteristics: There are four characteristics defined in 40 CFR Section 261.21-61.24: Ignitability, Corrosivity, Reactivity, and Toxicity. To determine Ignitability, see Section 9 of this SDS (flash point). For Corrosivity, see Sections 9 and 14 (pH and DOT corrosivity). For Reactivity, see Section 10 (incompatible materials). For Toxicity, see Section 3 (composition). Federal regulations are subject to change. State and local requirements, which may differ from or be more stringent than the federal regulations, may also apply to the classification of the material if it is to be disposed. The Company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, where permitted, as an alternate to disposal as a waste. The Company recommends that organic materials classified as RCRA hazardous wastes be disposed of by thermal treatment or incineration at EPA approved facilities. The Company has provided the foregoing for information only; the person generating the waste is responsible for determining the waste classification and disposal method.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This section provides basic shipping classification information. Refer to appropriate transportation regulations for specific requirements.

## **US DOT**

Dangerous Goods? Not applicable/Not regulated

## TRANSPORT CANADA

Dangerous Goods? Not applicable/Not regulated

#### ICAO / IATA

Dangerous Goods? Not applicable/Not regulated

#### **IMO**

Dangerous Goods? Not applicable/Not regulated

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **Inventory Information**

**United States (USA):** All components of this product are included on the TSCA Chemical Inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

**Canada:** One or more components of this product are NOT included on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

**European Economic Area (including EU):** When purchased from an Allnex legal entity based in the EEA (EU or Norway), this product is compliant with the registration of the REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as all its components are either excluded, exempt and/or registered.

**Australia:** One or more components of this product have NOT yet been included in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) or assessed by NICNAS.

**New Zealand:** This product is approved or exempt under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act.

**China:** One or more components of this product are NOT included on the Chinese (IECSC) inventory. The company has obtained the required notification approvals from the Ministry of Environmental Protection (MEP) as per the "Environmental Administrative Measures for New Chemical Substance" for the component(s) not listed in the Chinese Inventory (IECSC). The product can be imported/manufactured in China ONLY under specific conditions.

**Japan:** All components of this product are included on the Japanese (ENCS) inventory or are not required to be listed on the Japanese inventory.

Korea: One or more components of this product are NOT included on the Korean (ECL) inventory.

**Philippines:** One or more polymeric components of this product are NOT included on the Philippine (PICCS) inventory. The unlisted polymer(s) can meet the criteria of polymer exemption. Allnex is willing to support importers in Philippines who need to obtain an official polymer exemption from Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) before importation.

**Taiwan:** All components of this product are included in the Taiwan chemical substance inventory or are not required to be listed on the Taiwan chemical substance inventory (TCSI).

**Switzerland:** All components of this product are exempt from the new substance notification requirements for Switzerland (SR 813.11 art. 24-26).

## OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The following components of this product may be subject to reporting requirements pursuant to Section 313 of CERCLA (40 CFR 372), Section 12(b) of TSCA, or may be subject to release reporting requirements (40 CFR 307, 40 CFR 311, etc.) See Section 13 for information on waste classification and waste disposal of this product.

This product does not contain any components regulated under these sections of the EPA

## PRODUCT HAZARD CATEGORY UNDER SECTIONS 311 AND 312 OF EPCRA

### **Physical Hazards**

Not applicable

## **Health Hazards**

Reproductive toxicity Skin Corrosion or Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SDS: 0018438 Date Prepared: 08/25/2018

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

# NFPA Hazard Rating (National Fire Protection Association)

Health: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

Fire: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.

Instability: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable, but that can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.

**Reasons For Issue: Revised Section 11** 

**Date Prepared:** 08/25/2018 Date of last significant revision: 05/30/2018

# **Component - Hazard Statements**

Triethylene glycol diacrylate

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Acrylic acid

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 4-Methoxyphenol

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Toluene

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H320 - Causes eve irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

## Acrylated resin

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Emergency phone numbers for other regions**

#### **Asia Pacific**

Australia: +61 1800 022 037 (Allnex Australia)

China (PRC): +86(0)25 8547 7110 (Jiangsu registration center) / +86(0)532 8388 9090 (NRCC)

India: 000 800 100 7479 (toll free) or +65 3158 1198 (Carechem 24)

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Indonesia: 007 803 011 0293 (Carechem 24) Japan: +81 345 789 341 (Carechem 24) Korea: +82 2 3479 8401 (Carechem 24) Malaysia: +60 3 6207 4347 (Carechem 24)

New Zealand: +64 0800 803 002 (Allnex New Zealand)

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**Europe** 

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