

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - Identification

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name • PM-3300-157

Synonyms • Aromatic Isocyanate Prepolymer

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use • Component for polyurethane

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Manufacturer • Carpenter Co.

5016 Monument Ave. Richmond, Virginia 23230

(804) 233-0606

1.4 Emergency Telephone

Chemtrec • (800) 424-9300 (24-hr number)

SECTION 2 - Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification in accordance with 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200):

Respiratory Sensitization Category 1 – H334
Skin Sensitization Category 1 – H317
Acute Toxicity Inhalation Category 4 – H332
Eye Irritation Category 2A – H319
Skin Irritation Category 2 – H315
Specific Target Organ Single Exposure 3 (respiratory system) – H335
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2 (respiratory system)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2 (respiratory system) – H373

2.2 GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictogram





Signal Word

DANGER

Hazard Statements

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 – May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 – May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 – May cause damage to organs through prolonged

or repeated exposure (lungs).

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P260 - Do not breathe dust, mist, or vapors.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product.

P271 – Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P285 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory

protection.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed

out of the workplace.

Response

P308+P311 – IF exposed or concerned: Call a

physician.

P312 – Call a physician if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical

attention.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air

and keep comfortable for breathing.

P342+P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call

a physician.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and

water.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

attention.

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do

NOT induce vomiting.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash

before reuse.

Storage/Disposal

P501 - Dispose of content and/or container in

accordance with local, regional, national, and/or

international regulations. P405 - Store locked up.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep

container tightly closed.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified

- Onset of symptoms may be delayed.
- 56% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.
- Refer to Section 11 Toxicological Information for additional toxicity information.
- Refer to Section 16 Other Information for HMIS and NFPA Codes.

SECTION 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substance

Material does not meet the criteria of a substance according to United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

3.2 Mixtures

Name	Identifier	% (weight)
4,4'- Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	CAS# 101-68-8	12-28
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	CAS# 9016-87-9	12-28
2,4'- Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	CAS# 5873-54-1	2-6
Polyurethane Prepolymer	CAS# Trade Secret	<54

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of component(s) have been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

By route of inhalation	 Remove victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.
By route of dermal contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.
By route of eye contact	• Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Seek medical attention.
By route of ingestion	 DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If victim is conscious, wash out mouth with water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Seek medical attention immediately.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Chronic

- Exposure symptoms may include contact dermatitis (redness, itching, rash), respiratory tract irritation, cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, or chest tightness. Onset of symptoms may be delayed.
- Refer to Section 11 Toxicological Information.

4.3 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment If Needed

• Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgment of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

SECTION 5 - Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

• Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water fog or fine

spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

• Do not use direct water spray. May spread fire.

5.2 Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

• May produce oxides of carbon and nitrogen, and traces of HCN on combustion.

5.3 Special Protective Actions for Firefighters

 Responding personnel must wear positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing.

SECTION 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Avoid any skin contact and avoid breathing vapors, mists or dusts. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Don protective equipment appropriate for the size of the spill. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Do not walk through spilled material. Spilled material may be slippery. Ensure adequate ventilation and eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

• Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. If required, notify the proper authorities.

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up

Methods

- · Stop leak and dam spill.
- · Cover spill with absorbent.
- •Transfer waste into open-top drums and keep drum lid loose for about 48hrs to allow escape of carbon dioxide.
- Neutralize spill area with neutralization solution. Allow solution to stand for at least 10 minutes. Cover with absorbent and transfer into waste container.
- LARGE SPILLS: Dike spillage. A blanket of protein foam may be placed over the spill. Pump or vacuum material into containers.

Materials

- Neutralizing agent (90% water, 8% ammonia, 2% liquid detergent), and a drum with lid (to collect waste).
- Inert absorbent (sand, earth or similar).
- Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

6.4 Reference to Other Sections

• Refer to Section 8 for exposure control and personal protective equipment information.

• Refer to Section 12 for ecological information.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

- · Protect against moisture.
- Do not breathe (dust, vapor or spray mist).
- Wear respiratory protection when spraying, if material is heated or if exposure limit is exceeded.
- · Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Use appropriate skin and eye protection.
- Ensure thorough ventilation of storage and work areas.
- Avoid generating mist to prevent the release of aerosols.
- · Wash thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage

Store materials in a cool (60-80°F), well ventilated, dry place. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.
 MDI reacts with water producing CO₂ gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed. Closed containers may develop pressure and rupture on prolonged exposure to heat or if contaminated with water.

Incompatibilities

 Keep away from water, amines, strong bases and acids, alcohols, and copper alloys.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection

8.1 Control Parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines

Ingredient	OSHA PEL(ppm)	ACGIH TLV (ppm)
4,4'- Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	0.02 Ceiling	0.005 TWA

8.2 Exposure Controls

Engineering Controls

 Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Eye/Face Protection

 Chemical goggles or depending on the splash risk, chemical goggles with a face shield may be needed. Respiratory Protection • If exposure concentrations may exceed applicable

exposure limits or are unknown, use an appropriate NIOSH/MSHS approved respirator. Respirators should be selected in accordance with OSHA 1910.134.

Skin Protection • Wear suitable working clothes.

 Wear chemical resistant gloves appropriate for the intended use. Consult glove manufacturers for assistance in choosing appropriate gloves.

Additional Protection Measures
• Use near eyewash station and safety shower.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	• Liquid	Odor	 Slight musty odor
Appearance/Color	 Clear amber 	Odor Threshold	 No data available
General Properties			
Boiling Point	• 200 °C @ 5 mmHg	Melting Point	 No data available
Decomposition Temperature	 No data available 	рН	 No data available
Density	 No data available 	Water Solubility	• Low
Solvent Solubility	 No data available 	Viscosity	 No data available
Explosive Properties	 No data available 	Specific Gravity/Relative	•1.14-1.17 (H ₂ O=1)
		Density	
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	 No data available 	Vapor Density	 No data available
Evaporation Rate	 No data available 	VOC (Vol.)	 No data available
Volatiles (Vol.)	 No data available 		
Flammability			
Flash Point	• >200°F (PMCC)	LEL	 No data available
UEL	 No data available 	Flammability (solid, gas)	 No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	 No data available 		
Environmental			
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient	No data available		

9.2. Other Information

No additional information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Reacts with water, with formation of carbon dioxide. If in a closed container there is a risk of bursting. Reacts with alcohols, acids, alkalies, amines and copper alloys. Risk of exothermic reaction. Risk of polymerization. Contact with certain rubbers and plastics can cause brittleness of the substance/product with subsequent loss in strength.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Avoid moisture.

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Acids, amines, alcohols, water, alkalines, strong bases, substances/products that react with isocyanates.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hazardous decomposition products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxide, hydrogen cyanide, nitrogen oxides, aromatic isocyanates, toxic gases/vapours

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

Most likely routes of exposure are eye and skin contact.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical	CAS#	LD ₅₀ oral rat	LD ₅₀ dermal rabbit	LC ₅₀ inhalation rat
4,4'- Diphenylmethane	101-68-8	> 7,000 mg/kg	>9,400 mg/kg	0.37 mg/L, 4hr
Diisocyanate (MDI)				
Isocyanic acid,	9016-87-9	>10,000 mg/kg	>9,400 mg/kg	0.49 mg/L
polymethylenepolyphenylene				
ester				

Test atmosphere in the animal study is not representative of the workplace environment and how the chemical is expected to be used. Based on the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

56% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

- Skin Irritation Category 2 Causes skin irritation
- MDI Species: rabbit. Result: Irritating. Method: Draize test

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

- Eye Irritation Category 2A Causes serious eye irritation
- MDI Species: rabbit. Result: Irritating. Method: Draize test

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

- Skin Sensitization Category 1 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- Respiratory Sensitization Category 1 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- MDI Species: guinea pig. Result: sensitizing. Method: Buehler test.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

• Available studies have not indicated this material to be a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

• This product does not contain any component that is considered a human carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, OSHA, or NTP.

Reproductive Toxicity

No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure) (STOT-SE)

• STOT-SE Category 3 (respiratory tract) – May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure) (STOT-RE)

• STOT-RE Category 2 (kidney, respiratory tract) - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Aspiration Hazard

· No data available

11.2 Potential Health Effects

Inhalation		
imalation	Acute	 Can irritate the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, and shortness of breath.
	Chronic	 Repeated overexposure or a single large dose may cause sensitization (asthma or asthma-like symptoms) that may cause some individuals to react later to diisocyanate exposure at levels well below the TLV or PEL.
Skin		
	Acute	 Can cause irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching and swelling.
	Chronic	 Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, and in some cases, skin sensitization.
Eye		
•	Acute	 Can cause irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling.
	Chronic	Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.
Ingestion		
	Acute	 May cause gastrointestinal discomfort, including abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Corrosion of the mouth, throat, and digestive tract may also occur.
	Chronic	None known.

Other Information

- Symptoms of exposure can range from having a cold to a possible asthma attack.
- · Sensitized individuals react to very low levels of MDI.
- Skin exposure may aggravate existing dermatitis conditions.
- There are reports that chronic exposure to diisocyanates by inhalation may result in a permanent decrease in lung function.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (24 h) > 500 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (static) Aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (24 h) > 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Aquatic plants: EC0 (72 h) 1,640 mg/l (growth rate), Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201, static)

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

This mixture is not readily biodegradable.

0 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD Guideline 302 C) (aerobic, activated sludge)

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential

Significant accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface. Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected.

12.5 Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste Disposal Method

Product Waste

- Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water.
- All disposal methods must be in compliance with Federal, State/Provincial, and local regulations.
- Store material for disposal as indicated in Section 7 Handling and Storage.

Packaging Waste

- Steel drums must be emptied and can be sent to a licensed drum reconditioner for reuse, a scrap metal dealer or an approved landfill.
- Do not attempt to refill or clean containers since residue is difficult to remove.
- Under no circumstances should empty drums be burned or cut open with gas or electric torch as toxic decomposition products may be liberated.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

U.S. DOT

Single containers having 5,000 lbs or more of 4,4'-MDI are regulated as: UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., 9, III, RQ (Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate).

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1 Regulatory Status

CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302):

Methylene Diphenyl Diisocyanate (CAS# 101-68-8) RQ = 5,000 lbs

SARA 311/312: Acute health hazard. Chronic health hazard.

SARA 313:

Diisocyanates (Category N120)

<26%

15.2 US State Regulations

STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW: To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any of the listed chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm. (California Health and Safety Code Section 25249.6).

15.3 Canadian Regulations

DSL: Undetermined.

15.4 International Inventories*

United States: All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

SECTION 16: Other Information

16.1 HMIS and NFPA RATINGS

HMIS Classification

Health: 2* Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 1

*= Chronic

NFPA Ratings

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 1 Special: None

16.2 EU CLP Relevant Phrases

Not classified.

16.3 Preparation By

I.H. Department

16.4 Preparation Date

June 1, 2017

16.5 Last Revision Date

^{*=}Although a chemical may be listed on a country's inventory, it may not indicate a hazard or regulatory control for use.

Not applicable.

16.6 Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

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